

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its
Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements and
Independent Auditor's Report
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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§Table of Contents§

| | Item | Page | No. of notes to financial statements |
|----|--|--------------|--|
| 1. | Cover | 1 | - |
| 2. | Table of Contents | 2 | - |
| 3. | Representation Letter | 3 | - |
| 4. | Independent Auditor's Report | 4~7 | - |
| 5. | Consolidated Balance Sheet | 8 | - |
| 6. | Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income | 9~10 | - |
| 7. | Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity | 11 | - |
| 8. | Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows | 12~13 | - |
| 9. | Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements | | |
| | (1) Company History | 14 | 1 |
| | (2) Date and Procedures for Approval of Financial Statements | 14~15 | 2 |
| | (3) Application of New and Revised Standards and Interpretation | 15 | 3 |
| | (4) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies | 15~26 | 4 |
| | (5) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimations, and Main Sources of Assumption Uncertainties | 26~27 | 5 |
| | (6) Summary of Significant Accounting Items | 27~61 | 6~31 |
| | (7) Related Party Transactions | 61 | 32 |
| | (8) Pledged Assets | 61 | 33 |
| | (9) Information on foreign currency assets and liabilities with significant effect: | 62 | 34 |
| | (10) Additional Disclosures | | |
| | 1. Information on Significant Transactions | 62~63, 66~70 | 35 |
| | 2. Information on Investees | 62~63, 71 | 35 |
| | 3. Information on investment in Mainland China | 63, 72~73 | 35 |
| | 4. Information on major shareholders | 63, 74 | 35 |
| | (11) Segment Information | 63~65 | 36 |

Representation Letter

Considering that the companies to be included into the consolidated financial statements of affiliates under the Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises were the same as those to be included into the consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiaries under IFRS 10 for 2022 (from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022), and the relevant information to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the affiliates has already disclosed in said consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiaries, no consolidated financial statements of affiliates were prepared separately.

It is hereby certified that the information disclosed herein is true and correct.

Name of Company: Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc.

Person in Charge: Lin, Hsi-Ming

February 24, 2023

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors and Shareholders

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group”), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”).

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, are stated as follows

Sales revenue recognition

The consolidated operating revenue of the Group for the year 2022 amounted to NT\$2,888,153 thousand. Please Notes 4 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements for accounting policies and information on revenue recognition. The Group's operating revenue mainly includes research, development, production, and sales of integrated circuits, as well as agency sales of foreign branded integrated circuits. Due to the large number of sales and dispersed nature of the Group's customers, we listed the sales revenue which grew compared with the last year and that from counterparties who are not publicly listed companies as one of the key audit matters.

The main audit procedures were performed for the the above-mentioned areas:

1. Understanding and testing the effectiveness of the main internal control design and implementation for sales revenue.
2. Sampling and verifying sales revenue-related vouchers and payment receipts, and inquiring about the existence of the transaction party to confirm the authenticity of the sales revenue and whether there are any abnormal situations between the sales revenue and payment parties.

Business combination

As stated in Note 29 of the consolidated financial statements, Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. acquired Sentelic Corporation and its subsidiaries in August 2022 and gained control over them. As this transaction mainly involved complex calculations of the consideration to be transferred determined by the management in the cash transaction, the fair values of the acquired assets, and the reasonability of the purchase price allocation, it is a major transaction during the year, it is considered a significant transaction for the year and is listed as a key audit matter.

The main audit procedures were performed for the above key audit matter are as follows

1. Reviewing relevant meeting minutes to confirm if the business combination proposal has been properly evaluated and approved.
2. Verifying the Company's remittance certificate for the payment to confirm if it was consistent with what was stated in the contract.
3. Reviewing and evaluating the reasonableness of the purchase price allocation report commissioned by experts appointed by the Company and the related accounting treatment for business combination on the acquisition date.

Other matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and on both we have issued an unmodified opinion with emphasis of matter paragraph.

Responsibilities of the management and the governing bodies for the Consolidated Financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC)

endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high-level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from frauds or errors and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Pan-fa, Wang and Cheng-Chih, Lin.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

February 24, 2023

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheet

December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: Unit: NT\$ thousand, except for earnings per share that is in NT\$

| Code | Assets | December 31, 2022 | | December 31, 2021 | | Code | Liabilities and equity | December 31, 2022 | | December 31, 2021 | |
|------|---|-------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|---|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|
| | | Amount | % | Amount | % | | | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| | Current assets | | | | | | Current liabilities | | | | |
| 1100 | Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4, 6 and 31) | \$ 708,313 | 12 | \$ 1,077,602 | 21 | 2100 | Short-term borrowings (Notes 4, 18 and 31) | \$ 1,537,680 | 26 | \$ 567,819 | 11 |
| 1110 | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 7, 31, and 33) | 581,616 | 10 | 1,189,020 | 23 | 2150 | Notes payable (Notes 4, 19 and 31) | 1,279 | - | 720 | - |
| 1120 | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current (Notes 4, 8 and 31) | 442,809 | 7 | 544,590 | 10 | 2170 | Accounts payable (Notes 4, 19 and 31) | 240,640 | 4 | 562,372 | 11 |
| 1136 | Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 9 and 31) | 167,472 | 3 | - | - | 2206 | Remuneration payable to employees and directors and supervisors (Note 25) | 49,264 | 1 | 155,701 | 3 |
| 1150 | Notes receivable (Notes 4, 10 and 31) | 25,510 | - | 25,278 | - | 2209 | Other payables (Notes 4, 20 and 31) | 96,113 | 1 | 114,523 | 2 |
| 1170 | Accounts receivable, net (Notes 4, 10, 24 and 31) | 758,045 | 13 | 1,147,185 | 22 | 2230 | Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26) | 58,513 | 1 | 73,230 | 1 |
| 1200 | Other receivables (Notes 4, 10 and 31) | 17,936 | - | 83,745 | 2 | 2250 | Liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 21) | 8,756 | - | 6,583 | - |
| 130X | Inventory (Notes 4 and 11) | 1,590,085 | 26 | 761,145 | 14 | 2280 | Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4, 14 and 31) | 12,100 | - | 9,868 | - |
| 1410 | Prepayments (Note 17) | 36,302 | 1 | 23,764 | - | 2300 | Other current liabilities (Notes 4, 20 and 24) | 6,843 | - | 4,148 | - |
| 11XX | Total current assets | 4,328,088 | 72 | 4,852,329 | 92 | 21XX | Total current liabilities | 2,011,188 | 33 | 1,494,964 | 28 |
| | Noncurrent assets | | | | | | Noncurrent liabilities | | | | |
| 1510 | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4, 7 and 31) | 71,098 | 1 | - | - | 2570 | Deferred tax liabilities (Note 4 and 26) | 143,352 | 3 | 24,363 | 1 |
| 1517 | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 4, 8 and 31) | 62,528 | 1 | 70,717 | 2 | 2580 | Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4, 14 and 31) | 17,525 | - | 401 | - |
| 1535 | Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (Notes 4, 9, 31, and 33) | 15,397 | - | 100 | - | 2640 | Net defined benefit liability - noncurrent (Notes 4 and 22) | 54,895 | 1 | 73,677 | 1 |
| 1600 | Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 13 and 33) | 295,660 | 5 | 291,266 | 6 | 25XX | Total noncurrent liabilities | 215,772 | 4 | 98,441 | 2 |
| 1755 | Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 14) | 29,442 | 1 | 9,963 | - | 2XXX | Total liabilities | 2,226,960 | 37 | 1,593,405 | 30 |
| 1780 | Intangible assets (Notes 4, 16 and 29) | 718,743 | 12 | 15,106 | - | | Equity attributable to owners of the Company (Notes 4, 23, 27 and 28) | | | | |
| 1805 | Goodwill (Notes 4, 5, 15 and 29) | 447,603 | 8 | - | - | 3110 | Common stock | 1,780,100 | 30 | 1,780,100 | 34 |
| 1840 | Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 26) | 7,449 | - | - | - | 3200 | Capital surplus | 69,026 | 1 | 39,555 | 1 |
| 1915 | Prepayments for equipment | - | - | 14,535 | - | | Retained earnings | | | | |
| 1920 | Refundable deposits | 6,542 | - | 5,496 | - | 3310 | Legal reserve | 633,441 | 11 | 547,112 | 11 |
| 1990 | Other non-current assets | 9,065 | - | - | - | 3320 | Special reserve | 32,053 | 1 | 10,883 | - |
| 15XX | Total noncurrent assets | 1,663,527 | 28 | 407,183 | 8 | 3350 | Unappropriated earnings | 909,856 | 15 | 1,475,374 | 28 |
| | | | | | | 3300 | Total retained earnings | 1,575,350 | 27 | 2,033,369 | 39 |
| 1XXX | Total assets | \$ 5,991,615 | 100 | \$ 5,259,512 | 100 | 3400 | Other equity | (167,949) | (3) | (32,053) | (1) |
| | | | | | | 3500 | Treasury stock | (103,164) | (2) | (161,278) | (3) |
| | | | | | | | Total equity attributable to owners of the Parent | 3,153,363 | 53 | 3,659,693 | 70 |
| | | | | | | 36XX | Non-controlling interests (Notes 4 and 23) | 611,292 | 10 | 6,414 | - |
| | | | | | | 3XXX | Total equity | 3,764,655 | 63 | 3,666,107 | 70 |
| | | | | | | | Total liabilities and equity | \$ 5,991,615 | 100 | \$ 5,259,512 | 100 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: Thousands of NTD; except for earnings per share in NTD

| Code | | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|------|--|--------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| 4000 | Operating revenue, net (Notes 4 and 24) | \$ 2,888,153 | 100 | \$ 3,601,983 | 100 |
| 5000 | Operating costs (Notes 4, 11, 22, and 25) | <u>2,044,532</u> | <u>71</u> | <u>2,496,114</u> | <u>69</u> |
| 5900 | Operating gross margins | <u>843,621</u> | <u>29</u> | <u>1,105,869</u> | <u>31</u> |
| | Operating expenses (Notes 22 and 25) | | | | |
| 6100 | Selling expenses | 165,477 | 5 | 164,077 | 5 |
| 6200 | Administrative expenses | 96,461 | 3 | 108,655 | 3 |
| 6300 | Research and Development expenses | 338,885 | 12 | 372,737 | 10 |
| 6450 | Expected credit impairment losses (gain on reversal) (Note 10) | (<u>646</u>) | <u>-</u> | <u>443</u> | <u>-</u> |
| 6000 | Total operating expenses | <u>600,177</u> | <u>20</u> | <u>645,912</u> | <u>18</u> |
| 6900 | Net operating profits | <u>243,444</u> | <u>9</u> | <u>459,957</u> | <u>13</u> |
| | Non-operating income and expenses | | | | |
| 7100 | Interest income (Notes 4 and 25) | 5,992 | - | 322 | - |
| 7010 | Other income (Notes 4 and 25) | 142,465 | 5 | 66,750 | 2 |
| 7020 | Other profits and losses (Notes 4 and 25) | (239,481) | (8) | 305,072 | 8 |
| 7050 | Financial costs (Note 25) | (<u>12,864</u>) | (<u>1</u>) | (<u>4,555</u>) | <u>-</u> |
| 7000 | Total non-operating income and expenses | (<u>103,888</u>) | (<u>4</u>) | <u>367,589</u> | <u>10</u> |
| 7900 | Net profit before taxation | 139,556 | 5 | 827,546 | 23 |
| 7950 | Income tax expense (Notes 4 and 26) | <u>31,686</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>76,202</u> | <u>2</u> |
| 8200 | Net income for the year | <u>107,870</u> | <u>4</u> | <u>751,344</u> | <u>21</u> |

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| Code | | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|------|---|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| | Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| 8310 | Items not reclassified to profit or loss: | | | | |
| 8311 | Remeasurement of defined benefit plans | \$ 11,692 | - | (\$ 5,340) | - |
| 8316 | Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | (223,648) | (8) | 96,546 | 2 |
| 8349 | Income tax related to items not reclassified | (172) | - | - | - |
| 8360 | Items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss: | | | | |
| 8361 | Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of foreign operations | <u>372</u> | <u>-</u> | (<u>70</u>) | <u>-</u> |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive income for the year | (<u>211,756</u>) | (<u>8</u>) | <u>91,136</u> | <u>2</u> |
| 8500 | Total comprehensive income for the year | (<u>\$ 103,886</u>) | (<u>4</u>) | <u>\$ 842,480</u> | <u>23</u> |
| | Net profits (losses) attributable to: | | | | |
| 8610 | Owners of the parent | \$ 146,771 | 5 | \$ 750,940 | 21 |
| 8620 | Non-controlling interests | (<u>38,901</u>) | (<u>1</u>) | <u>404</u> | <u>-</u> |
| 8600 | | <u>\$ 107,870</u> | <u>4</u> | <u>\$ 751,344</u> | <u>21</u> |
| | Comprehensive income attributable to: | | | | |
| 8710 | Owners of the parent | (\$ 64,385) | (2) | \$ 842,119 | 23 |
| 8720 | Non-controlling interests | (<u>39,501</u>) | (<u>2</u>) | <u>361</u> | <u>-</u> |
| 8700 | | (<u>\$ 103,886</u>) | (<u>4</u>) | <u>\$ 842,480</u> | <u>23</u> |
| | Earnings per share (Note 27) | | | | |
| 9750 | Basic | <u>\$ 0.83</u> | | <u>\$ 4.25</u> | |
| 9850 | Diluted | <u>\$ 0.83</u> | | <u>\$ 4.21</u> | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | Equity attributable to owners of the Parent | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--|---|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---|---|----------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | Other equity | | | | | |
| Code | | Common stock | | Capital surplus | Retained earnings | | | Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations | Unrealized gain or loss on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | Treasury stock | Total | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
| | | Number of shares (in thousands) | Amount | | Legal reserve | Special reserve | Unappropriated earnings | | | | | | |
| A1 | Balance as of January 1, 2021 | 178,010 | \$ 1,780,100 | \$ 17,067 | \$ 503,583 | \$ 32,482 | \$ 917,468 | (\$ 1,873) | (\$ 9,010) | (\$ 59,182) | \$ 3,180,635 | \$ 6,620 | \$ 3,187,255 |
| | Earnings distribution for 2020 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B1 | Legal reserve | - | - | - | 43,529 | - | (43,529) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| B3 | Special reserve | - | - | - | - | (21,599) | 21,599 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| B5 | Cash dividends to shareholders | - | - | - | - | - | (283,453) | - | - | - | (283,453) | - | (283,453) |
| D1 | Net income for 2021 | - | - | - | - | - | 750,940 | - | - | - | 750,940 | 404 | 751,344 |
| D3 | Other comprehensive income for 2021 | - | - | - | - | - | (5,340) | (70) | 96,589 | - | 91,179 | (43) | 91,136 |
| D5 | Total comprehensive income for 2021 | - | - | - | - | - | 745,600 | (70) | 96,589 | - | 842,119 | 361 | 842,480 |
| L1 | Purchase of treasury shares | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (138,235) | (138,235) | - | (138,235) |
| F3 | Transfer of treasury shares | - | - | 22,488 | - | - | - | - | - | 36,139 | 58,627 | - | 58,627 |
| O1 | Cash dividends from non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (567) | (567) |
| Q1 | Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - | 117,689 | - | (117,689) | - | - | - | - |
| Z1 | Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 178,010 | 1,780,100 | 39,555 | 547,112 | 10,883 | 1,475,374 | (1,943) | (30,110) | (161,278) | 3,659,693 | 6,414 | 3,666,107 |
| | Earnings distribution for 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B1 | Legal reserve | - | - | - | 86,329 | - | (86,329) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| B3 | Special reserve | - | - | - | - | 21,170 | (21,170) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| B5 | Cash dividends to shareholders | - | - | - | - | - | (529,530) | - | - | - | (529,530) | - | (529,530) |
| D1 | Net income for 2022 | - | - | - | - | - | 146,771 | - | - | - | 146,771 | (38,901) | 107,870 |
| D3 | Other comprehensive income for 2022 | - | - | - | - | - | 11,183 | 372 | (222,711) | - | (211,156) | (600) | (211,756) |
| D5 | Total comprehensive income for 2022 | - | - | - | - | - | 157,954 | 372 | (222,711) | - | (64,385) | (39,501) | (103,886) |
| F3 | Transfer of treasury shares | - | - | 29,471 | - | - | - | - | - | 58,114 | 87,585 | 13 | 87,598 |
| O1 | Cash dividends from non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (283) | (283) |
| O1 | Acquisition of increased non-controlling interests in subsidiaries | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 642,824 | 642,824 |
| O1 | Increase in non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,825 | 1,825 |
| Q1 | Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - | (86,443) | - | 86,443 | - | - | - | - |
| Z1 | Balance as of December 31, 2022 | 178,010 | \$ 1,780,100 | \$ 69,026 | \$ 633,441 | \$ 32,053 | \$ 909,856 | (\$ 1,571) | (\$ 166,378) | (\$ 103,164) | \$ 3,153,363 | \$ 611,292 | \$ 3,764,655 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Code | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------|---|-------------|-------------|
| | Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| A10000 | Net income before tax for 2022 | \$ 139,556 | \$ 827,546 |
| A20010 | Income and expense items that do not affect cash flow: | | |
| A20100 | Depreciation expenses | 68,046 | 59,443 |
| A20200 | Amortization expenses | 46,575 | 33,262 |
| A20300 | Expected (reversal of losses) credit impairment losses | (646) | 443 |
| A20400 | Net loss (gain) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 290,568 | (322,484) |
| A20900 | Financial costs | 12,864 | 4,555 |
| A21200 | Interest income | (5,992) | (322) |
| A21300 | Dividend income | (136,950) | (64,584) |
| A21900 | Cost of remuneration for employee stock options | 31,309 | 22,488 |
| A22500 | Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | (85) | (323) |
| A23700 | Losses on inventory valuation loss and obsolescence (gains on inventory value recovery) | 49,367 | (4,612) |
| A29900 | Lease modification gain | - | (23) |
| A24100 | Foreign exchange gains (losses) – net | (99,197) | 30,011 |
| A30000 | Net changes in operating assets and liabilities | | |
| A31130 | Notes receivable | 1,059 | 2,150 |
| A31150 | Accounts receivable | 619,848 | (321,426) |
| A31180 | Other receivables | 9,553 | (9,177) |
| A31190 | Finance lease receivables | - | 188 |
| A31200 | Inventory | (652,019) | (353,438) |
| A31230 | Prepayments | (1,996) | (3,132) |
| A32130 | Notes payable | (1,141) | (373) |
| A32150 | Accounts payable | (415,719) | 246,841 |
| A32990 | Remuneration payable to employees and directors and supervisors | (123,825) | 90,673 |
| A32180 | Other payables | 14,406 | (10,119) |
| A32200 | Provision | (448) | (3,271) |
| A32230 | Other current liabilities | 2,182 | 621 |
| A32240 | Net defined benefit liability | (9,195) | 6 |
| A33000 | Cash inflow (outflow) from operations | (161,880) | 224,943 |
| A33100 | Interest received | 6,374 | 322 |
| A33300 | Interests paid | (12,867) | (4,552) |
| A33500 | Income tax paid | (116,991) | (24,368) |
| AAAA | Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities | (285,364) | 196,345 |

(Continued on next page)

(Continued from previous page)

| Code | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------|---|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| B00010 | Acquisition of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | (\$ 988,781) | (\$ 1,256,037) |
| B00020 | Sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 913,993 | 1,355,083 |
| B00040 | Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost | (126,161) | - |
| B00050 | Disposal of financial assets at amortized cost | 191,385 | - |
| B00100 | Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | (899,886) | (1,043,679) |
| B00200 | Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 1,165,690 | 1,343,488 |
| B02200 | Acquisition of subsidiary (net of cash acquired) | (900,390) | - |
| B02700 | Purchase of property, plant, and equipment | (34,137) | (76,641) |
| B02800 | Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 95 | 1,171 |
| B03700 | Increase in refundable deposits | (191) | - |
| B03800 | Decrease in refundable deposits | - | 3 |
| B04500 | Acquisition of intangible assets | (21,354) | (22,233) |
| B07600 | Dividend received | <u>136,387</u> | <u>64,537</u> |
| BBBB | Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities | (<u>563,350</u>) | <u>365,692</u> |
| | Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| C00100 | Increase in short-term borrowings | 972,375 | 97,451 |
| C04200 | Principal repayment of lease liabilities | (16,055) | (14,192) |
| C04500 | Cash dividends paid | (529,530) | (283,453) |
| C04900 | Purchase of treasury shares | (36,735) | (101,500) |
| C05000 | Price of disposal of treasury shares | 58,114 | 36,139 |
| C05800 | Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests | (<u>283</u>) | (<u>567</u>) |
| CCCC | Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities | <u>447,886</u> | (<u>266,122</u>) |
| DDDD | Impact of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents | <u>31,539</u> | (<u>10,410</u>) |
| EEEE | Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents for 2022 | (369,289) | 285,505 |
| E00100 | Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents | <u>1,077,602</u> | <u>792,097</u> |
| E00200 | Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$ 708,313</u> | <u>\$ 1,077,602</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021
(In thousand NTD, unless otherwise specified)

1. Company History

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated in Hsinchu Science Park in July 1989 and entered operations in September of the same year, mainly engaging in research, development, production, testing, and sales of digital and analog hybrid special application integrated circuits, as well as digital and analog integrated circuits.

The Company's stock has been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TWSE) since September 2000.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Company’s functional currency – New Taiwan dollar.

2. Date and Procedures for Approval of Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on February 24, 2023.

3. Application of New and Revised Standards and Interpretation

- (1) Initial application of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the “IFRSs”) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

The application of the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC does not have material impact on the accounting policies of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “Group”).

- (2) Application of IFRSs endorsed by FSC in 2023

| <u>The new/amended/revised standards or interpretation</u> | <u>Effective date of IASB publication</u> |
|--|---|
| Amendment to IAS 1 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies” | January 1, 2023 (Note 1) |
| Amendment to IAS 8 “Definition of Accounting Estimates” | January 1, 2023 (Note 2) |
| Amendment to IAS 12 “Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction” | January 1, 2023 (Note 3) |

Note 1: This amendment will be applicable for annual reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2023.

Note 2: This amendment applies to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur in annual reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2023.

Note 3: Except for the recognition of deferred income taxes on temporary differences related to leases and decommissioning obligations, these amendments to transaction that occur after January 1, 2022.

By the time the consolidated financial statements were approved to be released, the Group confirmed that the amendments to other standards and interpretations would not cause a material impact on its financial position and financial performance.

- (3) The IFRSs released by the IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

| <u>The new/amended/revised standards or interpretation</u> | <u>Effective date of IASB publication (Note 1)</u> |
|---|--|
| Amendment to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Affiliate or Joint Venture." | Undecided |
| Amendments to IFRS 16, "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback" | January 1, 2024 (Note 2) |
| IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IFRS 17 | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information" | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent" | January 1, 2024 |
| Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" | January 1, 2024 |

Note 1: Unless otherwise stated, the aforementioned new/amended/revised standards or interpretations are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after the respective dates.

Note 2: The seller and lessee shall apply the amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to the sale and leaseback carried out after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

As of the date of approving the consolidated financial statements for release, the Group had continued to evaluate the effect of the amendments to other standards and interpretations on its financial position and financial performance, and the relevant effects will be disclosed when the evaluation is completed.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Compliance Statement

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements were prepared on the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities recognized at the present value of defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The evaluation of fair value could be classified into Level 1 to Level 3 by the observable intensity and importance of the related input value:

1. Level 1 input value: refers to the quotation of the same asset or liability in an active market as of the evaluation (before adjustment).
 2. Level 2 input value: refers to the direct (the price) or indirect (inference of price) observable input value of asset or liability further to the quotation of Level 1.
 3. Level 3 input value: the unobservable input value of asset or liability.
- (3) Criteria for classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

1. Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
2. Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date; and
3. Cash and cash equivalents (excluding assets restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date).

Current liabilities include:

1. Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
2. Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date; and
3. Liabilities with a repayment deadline that cannot be unconditionally deferred for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

(4) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (subsidiaries). The subsidiaries' financial statements have been properly adjusted to make the accounting policies consistent with the accounting policies of the Group. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all inter-company transactions, account balances, gains and losses have been eliminated. The total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributable to owners of the parent and non-controlling interests, even if the non-controlling interests become a loss balance as a result.

See Note 12 and Tables 4 and 5 for more information on subsidiaries' statements shareholding ratios, and main business.

(5) Business combination

Business combination is handled in an acquisition method. Acquisition-related costs are recognized in expenses in the period in which the costs are incurred and the services are obtained.

Goodwill is measured with the sum of the fair value of the consideration for the transfer and the fair value of the equity in the acquiree previously held by the acquirer at the acquisition date, less the net amount of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date.

(6) Foreign currency

When each entity of the Group prepares financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are converted into the functional currency at the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date.

On each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Non-monetary items measured at historical cost that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the transaction dates and are not retranslated.

When the consolidated financial statements are prepared, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations (including subsidiaries operating in a country or using a currency different from that of the Company) were translated into New Taiwan dollars (NTD) at the exchange rate prevailing on each balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the year's average exchange rate, and the resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(7) Inventory

Inventory includes raw materials, work in process, finished goods, and merchandise. The value of inventory shall be determined based on the cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. The comparison of the cost and net realizable value is based on individual items except for inventory of the same category. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average method.

(8) Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recognized at cost and subsequently measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation.

Except for self-owned land, property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The Group conducts at least an annual review at the end of each year to assess the estimated useful life, residual value, and depreciation methods, and apply the effects of changes in accounting estimates prospectively.

When property, plant and equipment are derecognized, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

(9) Goodwill

The cost of goodwill from business combination is the amount of goodwill recognized at the acquisition date and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

To test impairment, goodwill is allocated among each cash generating unit or a group of cash generating units (collectively “CGUs”), which is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The carrying amount and recoverable amount of the CGUs to which goodwill is allocated will be compared every year and whenever there are signs of impairment to test the impairment of the units. If the goodwill allocated to CGUs was obtained from a business combination in the year, the CGUs should be tested for impairment before the end of the year. If the recoverable amount of CGUs to which goodwill is allocated is lower than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is first deducted from the carrying amount of the goodwill of said CGUs. Next, the carrying amount of other assets within said CGUs is deducted from the carrying amount of the goodwill of said CGUs in proportion to the carrying amount of each asset. Any impairment loss is recognized in loss in the current year. Impairment loss of goodwill shall not be reversed subsequently.

(10) Intangible assets

1. Acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, less accumulated amortization. Intangible assets are amortized using straight-line method over the useful lives. The Group conducts at least one annual review at the end of each year to assess the estimated useful life, residual value, and amortization methods, while applying the effects of changes in accounting estimates prospectively.

2. Acquisition through business combination

Intangible assets acquired through business combination are recognized at fair value on the acquisition date and recognized separately from goodwill, and the subsequent measurement method is the same as that of intangible assets acquired separately.

3. Derecognition

When an intangible asset is derecognized, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in current profit or loss.

(11) Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets

The Group assesses if there are any signs of possible impairment of property, plant, and equipment as well as right-of-use assets, and intangible assets at each balance sheet date. If there is any sign of impairment, an estimate is made of its recoverable amount. If it is not possible to determine the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

The recoverable amount is the fair value less cost of sales or its value in use, whichever is higher. If the recoverable amount of an individual asset or a CGU is lower than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount, and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

When the impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or the CGU is increased to the revised recoverable amount, provided that the increased carrying amount shall not exceed the carrying amount (less amortization or depreciation) of the asset or the CGU, which was not recognized in impairment loss in prior years. The reversal of the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(12) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the consolidated balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets or financial liabilities. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is immediately recognized in profit or loss.

1. Financial assets

Regular trading of financial assets is recognized and derecognized in accordance with trade date accounting.

(1) Measurement types

Financial assets held by the Group are those measured at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at amortized cost, and investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are those mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss and those designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss include investments in equity instruments that are not designated by the Group to be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and the dividend, interest income, and gains or losses arising from remeasurement are recognized in profit or loss. Please refer to Note 31 for the method of determining fair values.

B. Financial assets at amortized cost

If the Group invests in financial assets in alignment with both of the following two criteria, such assets are classified as financial assets measured by amortized cost:

- a. Held under a certain business model, of which the objective is to collect contractual cash flows by holding the financial assets; and
- b. The cash flows on specific dates specified in the contractual terms are solely payments of the principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Such assets (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable at amortized cost, accounts receivable, other receivables, and pledged time deposits) are measured at the amortized cost of the total carrying amount determined by the effective interest method less any impairment loss after initial recognition; and any foreign currency exchange gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by multiplying the effective interest rate by the total carrying amount of financial assets:

Cash equivalents include time deposits, highly liquid and readily convertible into a fixed amount of cash at any time while featuring little risk of value changes, which are used to meet short-term cash commitments.

C. Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at fair value through other comprehensive income. Designation as at fair value through other comprehensive income is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value with the subsequent movements in the fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. Upon the disposal of an investment, the cumulative profit or loss is directly reclassified to retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on such investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the investment cost.

(2) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses the impairment loss of financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable) based on the expected credit loss at each balance sheet date.

An allowance for losses on accounts receivable is recognized based on expected credit loss over the duration of the receivables. Other financial assets are first assessed based on whether the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition. If there is no significant increase in the risk, the impairment is recognized in allowance for losses in an amount equal to 12-month expected credit loss. If the risks have increased significantly, the impairment is recognized in allowance for losses at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

The expected credit loss refers to the weighted average credit loss with the risk of default as the weight. The 12-month expected credit loss represents the expected credit loss from possible defaults of a financial instrument within 12 months after the reporting date. The lifetime expected credit loss represents the expected credit loss from all possible defaults in a financial instrument over the expected life of a financial instrument.

All impairment losses on financial assets are reduced to their carrying amounts through an allowance account for losses.

(3) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash inflow from the financial asset expire or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

Upon derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized in profit or loss. When an investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income is derecognized in its entirety, the cumulative profit or loss is transferred directly to retained earnings and not reclassified to profit or loss.

2. Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or equity as per the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of financial liabilities and equity instruments.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of the cost of direct issue.

The repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. The carrying amounts are calculated based on the weighted average of each stock type and calculated separately based on the reasons for the repurchase. The purchase, sale, issuance, or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments is not recognized in profit or loss.

3. Financial liabilities

(1) Subsequent measurement

All the Group's financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost in the effective interest method.

(2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

(13) Provisions

The amount recognized in provisions is based on the risk and uncertainty of the obligation, and is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date. The provisions are measured at the discounted value of the estimated cash flows to settle the obligations.

(14) Revenue recognition

After the Group identifies its performance obligations in contracts with clients, it allocates the transaction costs to each obligation in the contracts and recognizes revenue upon completion of performance obligations.

Merchandise sales revenue

The merchandise sales revenue is from the sales of integrated circuits (ICs). As the merchandise arrives at/is delivered to the location designated by a client based on different transaction terms, the client has the right to set the price and use the merchandise and assume the main responsibility for reselling the merchandise, while bearing the risk of obsolescence of the merchandise, upon which the Group recognizes it in revenue and accounts receivable. Advance receipts from the merchandise sales are recognized in contract liabilities before the merchandise is delivered.

(15) Leasing

The Group assesses whether a contract belongs to (or contains) a lease on the date of establishment of the contract.

1. The Group as a lessor

Where almost all the risks and rewards attached to the ownership of an asset are transferred to the lessee in lease terms, such leases are classified as finance leases. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Group subleases the right-of-use assets, the right-of-use assets (not the asset itself) are used to determine the classification of the sublease. However, if the main lease is a short-term lease for which the recognition exemption applies to the Group, the sublease is classified as an operating lease.

Under finance leases, lease payments include fixed payments. The net lease investment is measured at the lease receivables and presented as financial lease receivables. Finance income is allocated to each accounting period to reflect the fixed rate of return on the Group's net investment in a lease that has not expired in each period.

Under operating leases, lease payments, less lease incentives, are recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease terms.

2. The Group as a lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the lease commencement date, except for low-value asset leases and short-term leases accounted for with recognition exemption applied where lease payments are recognized in expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

The right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost (including the initially measured amount of the lease liability) and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, and the remeasurement of the lease liability is adjusted. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the end of the useful life or the end of the lease term, whichever is earlier.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payment (including fixed payments). If the interest rate implicit in a lease can be easily determined, the lease payment is discounted at such an interest rate. If the interest rate cannot be easily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate applies.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at the amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, and interest expense is amortized over the lease term. If changes during the lease term or the index or rate used to determine lease payments lead to changes in future lease payments, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets has been reduced to zero, the remaining remeasurement amount is recognized in profit or loss. For lease modifications that are not treated as a separate lease, remeasurement of the lease liabilities due to the reduced scope of the lease is to reduce the right-of-use assets and to account for the profit or loss on the partial or full termination of the lease; the remeasurement of the lease liabilities due to other modifications is to adjust the right-of-use assets. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

The variable rent in a lease arrangement that is not dependent on the index or rate is recognized in income in the period, in which it is incurred.

(16) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the year, in which they are incurred.

(17) Employee benefits

1. Short-term employee benefits

Relevant liabilities for short-term employee benefits are measured by the non-discounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for employee services.

2. Post-employment benefits

For pension under the defined contribution plan, the amount of pension contributed is recognized in expenses during employees' service period.

The defined benefit cost under the defined benefit pension plan (including service cost, net interest, and remeasurement) is calculated based on the projected unit credit method. Current service costs and net interest on net defined benefit liabilities are recognized in employee benefit expenses when incurred. The remeasurement (including actuarial gains and losses and plan asset remuneration net of interest) is recognized in other comprehensive income and listed in retained earnings when it occurs, and will not be reclassified to profit or loss after the balance sheet date.

The net defined benefit liabilities are the deficit of the defined benefit pension plan.

(18) Share-based payment agreement - employee stock options

Employee stock options and restricted stock awards are recognized in expenses at the fair values of the equity instruments on the grant date and the best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will vest during the vesting period on a straight-line basis, while “capital surplus - employee stock options and other equity” is adjusted accordingly (unearned employee compensation). If it is immediately vested on the grant date, the full amount is recognized in expenses on the grant date. The Group transfers treasury shares to employees, and the date of approval by the Board of Directors is adopted as the grant date.

When the Group issues restricted stock awards, it recognizes them in other equity (unearned employee compensation) on the grant date, while “capital surplus - restricted stock awards” is adjusted accordingly.

On each balance sheet date, the Group revises the estimated number of employee stock options and restricted stock awards that are expected to be vested. In the case of a revision to the original estimated number, the effect is recognized in profit or loss, so that the cumulative expenses can reflect the revised estimate, while “capital surplus - employee stock options” and “capital surplus - restricted stock awards” are adjusted accordingly.

(19) Income tax

Income tax expense is the sum of the current income tax and deferred income tax.

1. Income tax expenses in the current period

The Group determines the current income (loss) in accordance with the laws and regulations formulated by the authority in the jurisdiction to which an income tax return should be filed and calculates the payable (recoverable) income tax accordingly.

A surtax is imposed on the undistributed earnings pursuant to the Income Tax Act of R.O.C. is recognized via the resolution at the annual shareholders' meeting.

Adjustment to income tax payable from prior years are recognized in the current income tax.

2. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is calculated based on the temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income.

All taxable temporary differences are generally in deferred tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets are accounted for when there are likely to be taxable income to deduct temporary differences and research and development expenses.

Taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries are recognized in deferred liabilities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that said temporary

difference will not be reversed in the foreseeable future. The deductible temporary differences related to said investments are recognized as deferred income tax only if it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable income against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences, and they are expected to be reversed in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at each balance sheet date, and its carrying amount will be increased as it has become probable that future taxable income will allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates in the period in which the liabilities are expected to be settled or assets realized, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would ensue in a manner expected by the Group at the balance sheet date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3. Current and deferred tax

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred taxes are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimations, and Main Sources of Assumption Uncertainties

When the Group adopts accounting policies, the Group's management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that are based on historical experience and other factors that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

The Group has included the recent developments of the COVID-19 pandemic as well as the military conflicts between Russia and Ukraine, and the potential impact of international sanctions on Russia on the economic environment, in significant accounting estimates related to estimates of cash flows, growth rates, discount rates, and profitability. The management team will continue to review such estimates and underlying assumptions. If a revision of an estimate affects only the current period, it is recognized in the period in which it is revised. If a revision of an accounting estimate affects both the current and future periods, it is recognized in the period in which it is revised and in the future periods.

Key Sources of Uncertainty over Estimation and Assumptions

(1) Impairment of inventory

The net realizable value of inventory is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Such estimates are made based on the real-time market conditions and historical sales of similar products, and changes in such market conditions may significantly affect the results of such estimates.

(2) Impairment of estimated goodwill

When if goodwill is impaired is determined, it is necessary to estimate the value in use of the CGUs, to which the goodwill is apportioned. To calculate value in use, the management should estimate the future cash flows expected to be generated from the CGUs and determine an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value. If the cash flow is less than expected, or if a change in the fact and situation causes a downward revision of the future cash flow or upward revision of the discount rate, significant impairment losses may occur.

As of December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of goodwill was NT\$447,603 thousand. Please refer to Note 15.

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cash on hand and working capital | \$ 676 | \$ 652 |
| Bank checking accounts and demand deposits | 442,670 | 993,910 |
| Cash equivalent | | |
| Commercial paper | 106,574 | |
| Bank time deposits | <u>158,393</u> | <u>83,040</u> |
| | <u>\$ 708,313</u> | <u>\$ 1,077,602</u> |

7. Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Financial assets – current</u> | | |
| Measured at fair values through profit and/or loss | | |
| Non-derivative financial assets | | |
| - Domestic listed stocks | \$ 569,131 | \$ 967,512 |
| - Fund beneficiary certificates | <u>12,485</u> | <u>221,508</u> |
| | <u>\$ 581,616</u> | <u>\$ 1,189,020</u> |
| <u>Financial assets – noncurrent</u> | | |
| Measured at fair values through profit and/or loss | | |
| Non-derivative financial assets | | |
| - Privately offered funds | <u>\$ 71,098</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

Please refer to Note 33 for information on investments in financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss pledged.

8. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Equity investment

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Current</u> | | |
| Domestic Investment | | |
| Listed stocks | <u>\$442,809</u> | <u>\$544,590</u> |
| <u>Noncurrent</u> | | |
| Domestic Investment | | |
| Non-listed stocks | \$ 32,633 | \$ 43,037 |
| Foreign investment | | |
| Non-listed stocks | <u>29,895</u> | <u>27,680</u> |
| | <u>\$ 62,528</u> | <u>\$ 70,717</u> |

The Group invests in domestic companies' ordinary shares for medium- and long-term strategic purposes and expects to make profits in the long-term. The management of the Group holds that the short-term fluctuation in the fair value of these investments shall be recognized as income or loss and is not congruent with the aforementioned long-term investment plan; therefore, they chose to designate these investments as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

9. Financial assets at amortized cost

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Current</u> | | |
| Time deposits with the initial | | |
| duration of more than 3 months | \$152,030 | \$ - |
| Commercial paper | <u>15,442</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | <u>\$167,472</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| <u>Noncurrent</u> | | |
| Domestic Investment | | |
| Certificates of deposit pledged | <u>\$ 15,397</u> | <u>\$ 100</u> |

- (1) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the interest rate ranges of time deposits with the initial duration of more than three months, commercial paper, and certificate of deposit pledged are as follows:

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Time deposits with the initial | | |
| duration of more than 3 | | |
| months | 1.070%~4.800% | - |
| Commercial paper | 3.200% | - |
| Certificates of deposit pledged | 1.025%~1.450% | 0.790% |

- (2) Please refer to Note 31 for information on credit risk management and impairment assessment related to financial assets measured at amortized cost.
- (3) Please refer to Note 33 for information on financial assets measured at amortized cost pledged.

10. Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Notes receivable</u> | | |
| From operations | | |
| Total book value | \$ 25,519 | \$ 25,278 |
| Less: Allowance for losses | (9) | - |
| | <u>\$ 25,510</u> | <u>\$ 25,278</u> |
| <u>Accounts receivable</u> | | |
| Measured at amortized cost | | |
| Total book value | \$ 758,317 | \$ 1,147,487 |
| Less: Allowance for losses | (272) | (302) |
| | <u>\$ 758,045</u> | <u>\$ 1,147,185</u> |
| <u>Other receivables</u> | | |
| Tax refund receivable | \$ 10,723 | \$ 16,197 |
| Receivable from disposal of investments | 3,977 | 65,545 |
| Stock dividends receivable | 659 | 97 |
| Others | <u>2,577</u> | <u>1,906</u> |
| | <u>\$ 17,936</u> | <u>\$ 83,745</u> |

The Group's average credit period for commodity sales is net 15 to 150 days after the end of each month, without interest accrued on accounts receivable. To reduce the credit risk, the Group, before working with each new client, fills out a credit application form through a business unit, and the responsible reviews the form and has the form countersigned by relevant units, while evaluating the potential client's credit quality to set its credit limit. The client's credit limit and rating are reviewed or updated from time to time every year with reference to its operating performance, transaction amount, time, and other factors. In addition, the Group will review the recoverable amount of receivables on each balance sheet date to ensure that appropriate impairment loss has been appropriated for the uncollectible receivables. Accordingly, the Group's management believes that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group recognizes an allowance for losses on accounts receivable based on expected credit loss over the duration of the receivables. Lifetime expected credit losses are calculated using a provision matrix based on each client's past default record, current financial position, economic situation in the industry, and industry outlook. Since the Group's credit loss history shows that there is no significant difference in the loss patterns of different customer groups, therefore, instead of further differentiating the customer groups, the provision matrix only sets the expected credit loss rate based on the number of days overdue on accounts receivable.

If there is evidence that the counterparty is in serious financial difficulty and the Group cannot reasonably expect to recover the amount, the Group shall directly write off

the related accounts receivable but shall engage in recourse activities and recognize the amount recovered in profit or loss as a result of the recourse.

The allowance for losses on notes and accounts receivable measured by the Group as per the provision matrix is as follows:

December 31, 2022

| | Not overdue | Past due by 1–30 days | Past due by 31–60 days | Past due by 61–90 days | Past due by 91–120 days | Past due by 121 days or more | Total |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Total book value | \$ 774,603 | \$ 5,606 | \$ 3,619 | \$ 5 | \$ 3 | \$ - | \$ 783,836 |
| Allowance for loss (expected credit loss of the given duration) | (260) | (14) | (7) | - | - | - | (281) |
| Measured at amortized cost | <u>\$ 774,343</u> | <u>\$ 5,592</u> | <u>\$ 3,612</u> | <u>\$ 5</u> | <u>\$ 3</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 783,555</u> |

December 31, 2021

| | Not overdue | Past due by 1–30 days | Past due by 31–60 days | Past due by 61–90 days | Past due by 91–120 days | Past due by 121 days or more | Total |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Total book value | \$1,124,876 | \$ 5,873 | \$ 41,904 | \$ 107 | \$ 5 | \$ - | \$1,172,765 |
| Allowance for loss (expected credit loss of the given duration) | (93) | (3) | (200) | (6) | - | - | (302) |
| Measured at amortized cost | <u>\$1,124,783</u> | <u>\$ 5,870</u> | <u>\$ 41,704</u> | <u>\$ 101</u> | <u>\$ 5</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$1,172,463</u> |

The information on the movement in the allowances for losses on notes and accounts receivable is as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Opening balance | \$ 302 | \$ 147 |
| Add: Impairment loss recognized (reversed) during this year | (646) | 443 |
| Add: Acquisition through business combination during this year | 625 | - |
| Less: Write-offs during this year | - | (288) |
| Ending balance | <u>\$ 281</u> | <u>\$ 302</u> |

11. Inventory

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Merchandise | \$ 468,640 | \$ 283,381 |
| Finished goods | 292,340 | 194,692 |
| Work in process | 460,260 | 272,859 |
| Raw materials | 368,845 | 10,213 |
| | <u>\$ 1,590,085</u> | <u>\$ 761,145</u> |

The components of operating costs related to inventories are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Operating costs | <u>\$ 2,044,532</u> | <u>\$ 2,496,114</u> |
| Losses on inventory valuation loss (gains on inventory value recovery) (Note) | <u>\$ 49,367</u> | <u>(\$ 4,612)</u> |

Note: The recovery in the net realizable value of inventories during 2021 was a result of an increase in the selling prices of inventories in specific markets.

12. Subsidiary

(1) Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

Entities covered by the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

| Investor name | Subsidiary name | Business nature | Shareholding | |
|--|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| The Company | Weltrend International Co., (BVI) Ltd. | Investment | 100% | 100% |
| | Yingquan Investment Co., Ltd. | Investment | 98% | 98% |
| | Sentelic Corporation | Integrated circuit development and design, analog circuit design, digital signal processing, application software development, and import and export of electronic components. | 51% | - |
| Weltrend International Co., (BVI) Ltd. | Dongguan Prosil Electronics Co., Ltd. | Import and export of electronic parts and general import and export | 100% | 100% |
| Sentelic Corporation (Note) | Sentelic Holding Co., Ltd. | General investment business | 100% | 100% |

Note: The Company acquired 51% equity of Sentelic Corporation in August 2022 and therefore gained control over it (Note 29).

(2) Information on subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

| Subsidiary name | Shareholding and percentage of voting rights held by non-controlling interests |
|----------------------|--|
| | December 31, 2022 |
| Sentelic Corporation | 49% |

Please refer to Table 4 for the information on the principal places of business and countries of incorporation.

| Subsidiary name | Profit or loss allocated to non-controlling interests | Non-controlling interests |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| | Acquisition date through December 31 | |
| Sentelic Corporation | (\$ 38,342) | December 31, 2022 \$606,644 |

The following subsidiaries' aggregate financial information is prepared on the basis of the amounts before the inter-company transactions were eliminated:

Sentelic Corporation

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> |
|---|--|
| Current assets | \$ 717,129 |
| Noncurrent assets | 1,197,971 |
| Current liabilities | (82,194) |
| Noncurrent liabilities | (148,726) |
| Equity | <u>\$ 1,684,180</u> |
| Equity attributable to: | |
| Owners of the parent | \$ 1,077,536 |
| Non-controlling interest in Sentelic Corporation | <u>606,644</u> |
| | <u>\$ 1,684,180</u> |
| | Acquisition date through December 31 |
| Operating revenues | <u>\$106,160</u> |
| Net income for the year | (\$ 78,277) |
| Other comprehensive income | <u>689</u> |
| Total comprehensive income | (<u>\$ 77,588</u>) |
| Net income attributable to: | |
| Owners of the parent | (\$ 39,935) |
| Non-controlling interest in Sentelic Corporation | (<u>38,342</u>) |
| | (<u>\$ 78,277</u>) |
| Comprehensive income attributable to: | |
| Owners of the parent | \$ 352 |
| Non-controlling interest in Sentelic Corporation | <u>337</u> |
| | <u>\$ 689</u> |
| Cash flows | |
| Operating activities | \$ 5,035 |
| Investing activities | 62,921 |
| Financing activities | (<u>1,674</u>) |
| Net cash inflow | <u>\$ 66,282</u> |

13. Property, plant, and equipment

| | Land | Buildings and equipment | Machinery equipment | Transportation equipment | Leasehold improvements | Miscellaneous equipment | Property under construction | Total |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| <u>Costs</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at January 1, 2022 | \$ 94,720 | \$ 154,585 | \$ 311,480 | \$ 30,650 | \$ 45,896 | \$ 31,905 | \$ - | \$ 669,236 |
| Addition | - | - | 33,452 | 2,037 | 12,366 | 816 | - | 48,671 |
| Acquisition through business combination (Note 29) | - | - | 9,121 | - | 3,811 | 2,797 | - | 15,729 |
| Disposal | - | - | (15,356) | (1,762) | - | (49) | - | (17,167) |
| Net exchange differences | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | - | 10 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 94,720</u> | <u>\$ 154,585</u> | <u>\$ 338,697</u> | <u>\$ 30,925</u> | <u>\$ 62,073</u> | <u>\$ 35,479</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 716,479</u> |
| <u>Accumulated depreciation</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at January 1, 2022 | \$ - | \$ 46,393 | \$ 252,840 | \$ 14,095 | \$ 37,417 | \$ 27,225 | \$ - | \$ 377,970 |
| Depreciation expenses | - | 5,538 | 35,499 | 3,976 | 5,323 | 1,776 | - | 52,112 |
| Acquisition through business combination (Note 29) | - | - | 3,996 | - | 2,434 | 1,454 | - | 7,884 |
| Disposal | - | - | (15,356) | (1,762) | - | (39) | - | (17,157) |
| Net exchange differences | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | - | 10 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 51,931</u> | <u>\$ 276,979</u> | <u>\$ 16,309</u> | <u>\$ 45,174</u> | <u>\$ 30,426</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 420,819</u> |
| Net amount as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 94,720</u> | <u>\$ 102,654</u> | <u>\$ 61,718</u> | <u>\$ 14,616</u> | <u>\$ 16,899</u> | <u>\$ 5,053</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 295,660</u> |
| <u>Costs</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ 94,720 | \$ 149,737 | \$ 287,785 | \$ 19,517 | \$ 40,853 | \$ 30,428 | \$ 4,465 | \$ 627,505 |
| Addition | - | 148 | 40,712 | 14,312 | 5,043 | 1,657 | 235 | 62,107 |
| Disposal | - | - | (17,017) | (3,179) | - | (176) | - | (20,372) |
| Reclassification | - | 4,700 | - | - | - | - | (4,700) | - |
| Net exchange differences | - | - | - | - | - | (4) | - | (4) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | <u>\$ 94,720</u> | <u>\$ 154,585</u> | <u>\$ 311,480</u> | <u>\$ 30,650</u> | <u>\$ 45,896</u> | <u>\$ 31,905</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 669,236</u> |
| <u>Accumulated depreciation</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ - | \$ 40,824 | \$ 237,291 | \$ 13,213 | \$ 34,730 | \$ 25,891 | \$ - | \$ 351,949 |
| Depreciation expenses | - | 5,569 | 32,396 | 3,383 | 2,687 | 1,513 | - | 45,548 |
| Disposal | - | - | (16,847) | (2,501) | - | (176) | - | (19,524) |
| Net exchange differences | - | - | - | - | - | (3) | - | (3) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 46,393</u> | <u>\$ 252,840</u> | <u>\$ 14,095</u> | <u>\$ 37,417</u> | <u>\$ 27,225</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 377,970</u> |
| Net amount as of December 31, 2021 | <u>\$ 94,720</u> | <u>\$ 108,192</u> | <u>\$ 58,640</u> | <u>\$ 16,555</u> | <u>\$ 8,479</u> | <u>\$ 4,680</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 291,266</u> |

As there was no sign of impairment during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not conduct an impairment assessment.

Depreciation expenses are calculated and recognized on a straight-line basis as per the useful lives below:

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Buildings and equipment | |
| Plant main building | 35–50 years |
| Interior design and network engineering | 5 years |
| Machinery equipment | 2 to 6 years |
| Transportation equipment | 5 to 6 years |
| Leasehold improvements | 5 to 10 years |
| Miscellaneous equipment | 3 to 6 years |

Refer to Note 33 for the amounts of land and buildings pledged as collateral for borrowings.

14. Lease agreements

(1) Right-of-use assets

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Carrying amount of right-of-use assets | | |
| Building | <u>\$ 29,442</u> | <u>\$ 9,963</u> |
| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
| Addition of right-of-use assets | <u>\$ 24,242</u> | <u>\$ 2,775</u> |
| Depreciation expenses of right-of-use assets | | |
| Building | <u>\$ 15,934</u> | <u>\$ 13,895</u> |

Except for the additions and depreciation expenses recognized listed above, the Group did not have any significant sublease or impairment of the right-of-use assets during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(2) Lease liability

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Carrying amount of lease liability | | |
| Current | <u>\$ 12,100</u> | <u>\$ 9,868</u> |
| Noncurrent | <u>\$ 17,525</u> | <u>\$ 401</u> |

The discount rate range for lease liabilities is as follows:

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Building | 1.7576%~2.25% | 2.00%~2.25% |

(3) Major lease activities and terms

The Company leased buildings from the Hsinchu Science Park of the Ministry of Science and Technology as plants, and the lease period is from 2022–2026. As per the lease agreement of the plants located in the science park, the lessee may have the amount of the rent adjusted at any time at the announced land price of the site where the plants are located or the adjusted rent rate of state-owned land approved by the Executive Yuan. The Company has no bargain purchase option for the leased buildings at the end of the lease term.

(4) Other lease information

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Short-term lease expenses | <u>\$ 276</u> | <u>\$ 153</u> |
| Total cash (outflow) from lease | <u>(\$ 16,850)</u> | <u>(\$ 14,692)</u> |

The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemptions to the leases of buildings that qualify as short-term leases and does not recognize the relevant right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for such leases.

15. Goodwill

| | <u>2022</u> |
|---|------------------|
| <u>Costs</u> | |
| Opening balance | \$ - |
| Acquisition through business combination during this year (Note 29) | <u>447,603</u> |
| Ending balance | <u>\$447,603</u> |

The Group acquired Sentelic Corporation in August 2022 with 51% of its equity acquired, leading to goodwill of NT\$447,603 thousand, mainly due to the benefits brought about by the expected growth of operating income from the product. Please refer to Note 29 for details.

16. Intangible assets

| | Computer software | Technology licensing | Patents | Customer relations | Total |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| <u>Costs</u> | | | | | |
| Balance as at January 1, 2022 | \$ 198,603 | \$ 72,236 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 270,839 |
| Acquired separately | 18,401 | 2,953 | - | - | 21,354 |
| Acquired through business combination | 19,179 | - | 588,467 | 137,783 | 745,429 |
| Net exchange differences | <u>2</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>2</u> |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 236,185</u> | <u>\$ 75,189</u> | <u>\$ 588,467</u> | <u>\$ 137,783</u> | <u>\$ 1,037,624</u> |
| <u>Accumulated amortization</u> | | | | | |
| Balance as at January 1, 2022 | \$ 183,554 | \$ 72,179 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 255,733 |
| Amortization expenses | 20,517 | 1,534 | 19,810 | 4,714 | 46,575 |
| Acquired through business combination | 7,020 | - | 9,552 | - | 16,572 |
| Net exchange differences | <u>1</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1</u> |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 211,092</u> | <u>\$ 73,713</u> | <u>\$ 29,362</u> | <u>\$ 4,714</u> | <u>\$ 318,881</u> |
| Net amount as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 25,093</u> | <u>\$ 1,476</u> | <u>\$ 559,105</u> | <u>\$ 133,069</u> | <u>\$ 718,743</u> |

| | Computer software | Technology licensing | Total |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| <u>Costs</u> | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ 179,159 | \$ 69,447 | \$ 248,606 |
| Acquired separately | <u>19,444</u> | <u>2,789</u> | <u>22,233</u> |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | <u>\$ 198,603</u> | <u>\$ 72,236</u> | <u>\$ 270,839</u> |
| <u>Accumulated amortization</u> | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ 166,894 | \$ 55,577 | \$ 222,471 |
| Amortization expenses | <u>16,660</u> | <u>16,602</u> | <u>33,262</u> |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | <u>\$ 183,554</u> | <u>\$ 72,179</u> | <u>\$ 255,733</u> |
| Net amount as of December 31, 2021 | <u>\$ 15,049</u> | <u>\$ 57</u> | <u>\$ 15,106</u> |

Except for the amortization expenses recognized, the Group did not have any significant disposal or impairment of the intangible assets during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. The patents and customer relations acquired through the business combination are recognized in amortization expenses based on the useful lives identified in the valuation report. Please refer to Note 29.

Amortization expense is provided for based on a straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| Computer software | 1 to 5 years |
| Technology licensing | 1 year |
| Patents | 7 to 10 years |
| Customer relations | 5 to 10 years |

17. Prepayments

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Current</u> | | |
| Prepayments for reticles | \$ 21,646 | \$ 11,656 |
| Tax overpaid retained for offsetting the future tax payable | 7,996 | 7,027 |
| Prepayments for salary and wages | 1,490 | 1,610 |
| Others | <u>5,170</u> | <u>3,471</u> |
| | <u>\$ 36,302</u> | <u>\$ 23,764</u> |

18. Short-term borrowings

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Secured borrowings</u> | | |
| Bank loans | <u>\$ 417,120</u> | <u>\$ 32,819</u> |
| <u>Unsecured borrowings</u> | | |
| Credit facility borrowings | <u>\$ 1,120,560</u> | <u>\$ 535,000</u> |

The interest rates on bank revolving loans were 1.39%–2.00% and 0.78%–1.05% as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Please refer to Note 33 for the Group's collateral for short-term borrowings.

19. Notes payable and accounts payable

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Notes payable- from operations | <u>\$ 1,279</u> | <u>\$ 720</u> |
| Accounts payable | <u>\$240,640</u> | <u>\$562,372</u> |

The Group has a financial risk management policy to ensure that all payables are repaid within the pre-agreed credit period.

20. Other liabilities

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Current</u> | | |
| Other payables | | |
| Salary and wages and bonuses payable | \$ 52,371 | \$ 21,106 |
| Investment payables | 24,983 | 41,534 |
| Pension payable under new scheme | 4,900 | 3,932 |
| Health insurance premiums payable | 2,808 | 2,263 |
| Labor insurance premiums payable | 2,604 | 2,194 |
| Service fee payable | 1,570 | |
| Treasury shares payable | - | 36,735 |
| Others | <u>6,877</u> | <u>6,759</u> |
| | <u>\$ 96,113</u> | <u>\$114,523</u> |
| Other liabilities | | |
| Receipts under custody | \$ 4,138 | \$ 3,338 |
| Contract liabilities | <u>2,705</u> | <u>810</u> |
| | <u>\$ 6,843</u> | <u>\$ 4,148</u> |

21. Provisions

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Current</u> | | |
| Employee benefits | <u>\$ 8,756</u> | <u>\$ 6,583</u> |

Provision for employee benefit liabilities is an estimate of employees' leave entitlements.

22. Post-employment benefit plans

(1) Defined contribution pension plan

The Group adopted a pension scheme under the Labor Pension Act, which is a government-managed defined contribution plan. Under the act, the Company makes monthly contributions, equal to 6% of their monthly salary and wages, to employees' individual pension accounts under the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

(2) Defined benefit plan

The pension scheme adopted by the Group in accordance with the Labor Standards Act of R.O.C. is a government-managed defined benefit pension plan. The payment for employee pensions is calculated based on the length of service and the average salary in the six months prior to the approved retirement date. The Group makes a contribution, equal to 2% of the total monthly employee salaries, which is deposited by the Supervisory Committee of Labor Retirement Reserve in the pension account with the Bank of Taiwan in the name of the committee. Before the end of

each year, if the balance in the pension account is inadequate to pay for the retirement benefits to employees who meet the retirement requirements in the following year, the Group will make a contribution to make up for the difference in a lump sum by the end of March of the following year. The pension account is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor; the Group has no right to influence its investment management strategy.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of such defined benefit plans are as follows:

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Present value of defined benefit obligations | \$134,664 | \$136,801 |
| Fair value of plan assets | (<u>79,769</u>) | (<u>63,124</u>) |
| Net defined benefit liability | <u>\$ 54,895</u> | <u>\$ 73,677</u> |

The movements in the net defined benefit liability are as follows:

| | Present value of defined benefit obligations | Fair value of plan assets | Net defined benefit liability |
|---|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| January 1, 2022 | \$ <u>136,801</u> | (\$ <u>63,124</u>) | \$ <u>73,677</u> |
| Service costs | 1,325 | - | 1,325 |
| Interest expense (income) | <u>690</u> | (<u>339</u>) | <u>351</u> |
| Recognized in profit or loss | <u>2,015</u> | (<u>339</u>) | <u>1,676</u> |
| Remeasurement | | | |
| Return on plan assets (except for the amount included in the net interest) | - | (5,402) | (5,402) |
| Actuarial loss - changes in financial assumptions | (8,923) | - | (8,923) |
| Actuarial gain - experience adjustments | <u>2,633</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>2,633</u> |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income | (<u>6,290</u>) | (<u>5,402</u>) | (<u>11,692</u>) |
| Employer's contributions | <u>-</u> | (<u>10,795</u>) | (<u>10,795</u>) |
| Benefit payment | (<u>3,676</u>) | <u>3,676</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Business combination | <u>5,814</u> | (<u>3,785</u>) | <u>2,029</u> |
| December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 134,664</u> | (<u>\$ 79,769</u>) | <u>\$ 54,895</u> |
| January 1, 2021 | \$ <u>130,961</u> | (\$ <u>62,630</u>) | \$ <u>68,331</u> |
| Service costs | 1,303 | - | 1,303 |
| Interest expense (income) | <u>634</u> | (<u>318</u>) | <u>316</u> |
| Recognized in profit or loss | <u>1,937</u> | (<u>318</u>) | <u>1,619</u> |
| Remeasurement | | | |
| Return on plan assets (except for the amount included in the net interest) | - | (677) | (677) |
| Actuarial loss - changes in demographic assumptions | 3,465 | - | 3,465 |

(Continued on next page)

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| | Present value of defined benefit obligations | Fair value of plan assets | Net defined benefit liability |
|--|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Actuarial gain - experience adjustments | \$ 2,552 | \$ - | \$ 2,552 |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income | 6,017 | (677) | 5,340 |
| Employer's contributions | - | (1,613) | (1,613) |
| Benefit payment | (2,114) | 2,114 | - |
| December 31, 2021 | \$ 136,801 | (\$ 63,124) | \$ 73,677 |

1. Investment risk: The Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor, invests labor pension funds in domestic (foreign) equity securities, debt securities, and bank deposits on its own use and through agencies entrusted. However, the income from the Group's amount allocated to plan assets is calculated based on the interest rate not lower than the local bank's interest rate for two-year time deposits.
2. Interest risk: A decrease in the interest rate in the government bonds will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, the return on the debt investment through the plan assets will also increase, and the increases will partially offset the effect of the net defined benefit liability.
3. Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated with reference to the future salaries of the participants in the plan. As such, an increase in the salary of the participants in the plan will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the Company's defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The critical assumptions made on the measurement date are as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Discount rate | 1.125%~1.500% | 0.375%~0.500% |
| Expected salary increase percentage | 2.500%~2.750% | 2.500% |

If each of the critical actuarial assumptions is subject to reasonably possible changes, when all other assumptions remain unchanged, the amounts by which the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase (decrease) are as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Discount rate | | |
| Increase by 0.25% | (\$ 2,759) | (\$ 3,139) |
| Decrease by 0.25% | \$ 2,849 | \$ 3,249 |
| Expected salary increase percentage | | |
| Increase by 0.25% | \$ 2,764 | \$ 3,132 |
| Decrease by 0.25% | (\$ 2,690) | (\$ 3,042) |

As actuarial assumptions may be correlated, it is unlikely that only a single assumption would occur in isolation of one another, so the sensitivity analysis above may not reflect the actual changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| The expected contributions to the plan for the following year | <u>\$ 1,781</u> | <u>\$ 1,638</u> |
| The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligations | 3.7 years–11.6 years | 4.1 years–10.1 years |

23. Equity

(1) Common stock

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Authorized number of shares (in thousands) | <u>330,000</u> | <u>330,000</u> |
| Authorized capital stock | <u>\$ 3,300,000</u> | <u>\$ 3,300,000</u> |
| Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands) | <u>178,010</u> | <u>178,010</u> |
| Capital stock issued | <u>\$ 1,780,100</u> | <u>\$ 1,780,100</u> |

(2) Capital surplus

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>For loss make-up, payment in cash or capitalization as equity (1)</u> | | |
| Stock issuance premium | \$ 1,886 | \$ 1,886 |
| Donated assets received | 81 | 81 |
| Share premium (restricted stock awards vested) | 15,026 | 15,026 |
| Treasury stock transaction | 51,959 | 22,488 |
| <u>Only for loss make-up</u> | | |
| Recognition of changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries (2) | <u>74</u> | <u>74</u> |
| | <u>\$ 69,026</u> | <u>\$ 39,555</u> |

1. Such capital surplus may be used to make up for losses or, when the Company has no losses, to distribute cash or to capitalize equity, provided that the capitalization is limited to a certain percentage of the paid-in capital each year.
2. This type of capital surplus represents the effect of equity transactions recognized for changes in the Company's equity when the Company has not actually acquired or disposed of shares in a subsidiary, or adjustments to the

capital surplus for the Company's subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method.

(3) Retained Earnings and Dividend Policy

Under the earnings distribution policy as set forth in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first used for paying taxes, offsetting the cumulative deficit (including the adjusted amount of undistributed earnings), setting aside 10% of the remaining profit as a legal reserve as per law unless it has reached the total amount of the Company's paid-in capital, setting aside an amount for or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations. Then, any remaining profit, together with any undistributed retained earnings at the beginning of the period (including the adjusted amount of undistributed earnings), shall be adopted by the Company's Board of Directors as the basis for making a distribution proposal, which shall then be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for a resolution before distribution of dividends to shareholders. Please refer to Note 25(7) for the policy on the remuneration to employees and directors and supervisors stipulated the Articles of Incorporation.

In addition, according to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall consider the soundness and stability of the financial structure for the distribution of stock dividends and set the ratio of cash dividends to stock dividends for the year as per the Company's growth needs. The ratio of cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends.

The legal reserve shall be set aside until the balance reaches the amount of the Company's total paid-in capital. Legal reserve could be allocated for covering loss carried forward. If there is no loss, the amount of legal reserve in excess of the paid-in capital by 25% could be allocated as capital stock and paid out as cash dividend.

The Company held the general shareholders' meetings on June 23, 2022 and July 7, 2021 to resolve to approve the 2021 and 2020 earnings distribution proposals, respectively. The details are as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Legal reserve | <u>\$ 86,329</u> | <u>\$ 43,529</u> |
| Special reserve | <u>\$ 21,170</u> | <u>(\$ 21,599)</u> |
| Cash dividends | <u>\$529,530</u> | <u>\$283,453</u> |
| Cash dividends per share (\$NT) | <u>\$ 3.0</u> | <u>\$ 1.6</u> |

The 2022 earnings distribution proposal made by the Board of Directors on February 24, 2023 is as follows:

| | 2022 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legal reserve | <u>\$ 7,151</u> |
| Special reserve | <u>\$135,896</u> |
| Cash dividends distributed | <u>\$212,399</u> |
| Cash dividends per share (\$NT) | <u>\$ 1.2</u> |

The 2022 earnings distribution proposal is pending a resolution by the shareholders' meeting expected to be held on June 2, 2023.

(4) Special reserve

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Opening balance | \$ 10,883 | \$ 32,482 |
| Provision (reversal) of a special reserve | 21,170 | (21,599) |
| Ending balance | <u>\$ 32,053</u> | <u>\$ 10,883</u> |

(5) Treasury stock

| | Shares (in thousands) | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Reason for repurchase | 2022 | 2021 |
| Opening balance | 2,352 | 2,189 |
| Increase during this year | - | 1,500 |
| Decrease during this year | (991) | (1,337) |
| Ending balance | <u>1,361</u> | <u>2,352</u> |

The Board of Directors resolved, on August 6, 2019, to transfer the repurchased treasury shares to employees to motivate employees and enhance their commitment. Between August 6, 2019 to October 3, 2019, it repurchased the Company's 3,000 thousand shares. Within five years from the date of repurchase, the shares shall be transferred to employees once or in several times, and the average repurchase shall be the transfer price at NT\$27.03.

The Board of Directors resolved, on November 5, 2021, to transfer the repurchased treasury shares to employees to motivate employees and enhance their commitment. From November 5, 2021 to December 30, 2021, it repurchased the Company's 1,500 thousand shares. Within five years from the date of repurchase, the shares shall be transferred to employees once or in several times, and the average repurchase shall be the transfer price at NT\$92.16.

The Board of Directors, on March 9, 2021, resolved to transfer and repurchase 1,337 thousand treasury shares to employees at a transfer price of NT\$27.03. The employee stock subscription record date was the resolution date, and the date of delivering the shares to employees was March 31, 2021.

The Board of Directors, on March 3, 2022, resolved to transfer and repurchase 426 thousand and 426 thousand treasury shares to employees at the transfer prices of NT\$27.03 and NT\$92.16. The employee stock subscription record date was the resolution date, and the date of delivering all shares to employees was March 28, 2022.

The Board of Directors, on August 9, 2022, resolved to transfer and repurchase 84 thousand and 55 thousand treasury shares to employees at the transfer prices of NT\$27.03 and NT\$92.16. The employee stock subscription record date was the resolution date, and the date of delivering all shares to employees was September 7, 2022.

Remuneration costs recognized for the transfer of treasury shares to employees during 2022 and 2021 were NT\$29,484 thousand and NT\$22,488 thousand respectively.

The treasury shares held by the Company are to be transferred to employees and shall not be pledged in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act nor shall they be entitled to rights, such as receipt of dividends and voting rights.

(6) Other equity

1. Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of foreign operations

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Opening balance | (\$ 1,943) | (\$ 1,873) |
| Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of foreign operations | <u>372</u> | (<u>70</u>) |
| Ending balance | (\$ <u>1,571</u>) | (\$ <u>1,943</u>) |

2. Unrealized gain or loss on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Opening balance | (\$ 30,110) | (\$ 9,010) |
| Incurred during the year | | |
| Unrealized gain or loss | | |
| Equity instruments | (<u>222,711</u>) | <u>96,589</u> |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | (<u>222,711</u>) | <u>96,589</u> |
| Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | <u>86,443</u> | (<u>117,689</u>) |
| Ending balance | (\$ <u>166,378</u>) | (\$ <u>30,110</u>) |

(7) Non-controlling interests

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Opening balance | \$ 6,414 | \$ 6,620 |
| Share attributable to non-controlling interests | | |
| Net income (loss) in this period | (38,901) | 404 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | | |
| Unrealized gain or loss on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | (937) | (43) |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plans | 337 | - |
| Treasury stock transaction | 13 | - |
| Cash dividends issued by subsidiaries | (283) | (567) |

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| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------------------|-----------------|
| Non-controlling interests related to the outstanding vested stock options held by employees of Sentelic Corporation (Note 28) | \$ 1,825 | \$ - |
| Acquisition of increased non-controlling interests in subsidiaries (Note 29) | <u>642,824</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Ending balance | <u>\$611,292</u> | <u>\$ 6,414</u> |

24. Operating revenues

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Sales income - integrated circuits | \$ 1,804,147 | \$ 2,343,584 |
| Trading of integrated circuits | 1,079,206 | 1,249,078 |
| Design and testing income | <u>4,800</u> | <u>9,321</u> |
| | <u>\$ 2,888,153</u> | <u>\$ 3,601,983</u> |

(1) Contract balance

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | January 1, 2021 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Accounts receivable (Note 10) | <u>\$ 758,045</u> | <u>\$ 1,147,185</u> | <u>\$ 851,956</u> |
| Contract liabilities – current (accounted for in other liabilities) | | | |
| Merchandise sales | <u>\$ 2,705</u> | <u>\$ 810</u> | <u>\$ 432</u> |

The change in contract liabilities mainly arises from the difference between the point at which performance obligations are satisfied and the point at which customers pay.

The amounts of the opening balance of contract liabilities and the performance obligations previously fulfilled recognized in revenue are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| <u>Opening balance of contract liabilities</u> | | |
| Merchandise sales | <u>\$ 810</u> | <u>\$ 432</u> |

(2) Details of net operating income

| Region | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Mainland China | \$ 1,809,939 | \$ 2,265,321 |
| Taiwan | 880,294 | 883,998 |
| Others | <u>197,920</u> | <u>452,664</u> |
| | <u>\$ 2,888,153</u> | <u>\$ 3,601,983</u> |

25. Net income for the year

(1) Interest income

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Interest income from cash in banks | \$ 4,386 | \$ 322 |
| Others | <u>1,606</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | <u>\$ 5,992</u> | <u>\$ 322</u> |

(2) Other income

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Income from cash dividends | \$136,950 | \$ 64,584 |
| Other income | <u>5,515</u> | <u>2,166</u> |
| | <u>\$142,465</u> | <u>\$ 66,750</u> |

(3) Other profits and losses

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|--|--------------------|------------------|
| Net foreign exchange loss | \$ 51,537 | (\$ 16,758) |
| Net gain on financial assets | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7) | (290,568) | 322,484 |
| Other losses | (<u>450</u>) | (<u>654</u>) |
| | <u>(\$239,481)</u> | <u>\$305,072</u> |

(4) Financial costs

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Interest from bank borrowings | \$ 12,345 | \$ 4,208 |
| Interest on lease liabilities | <u>519</u> | <u>347</u> |
| | <u>\$ 12,864</u> | <u>\$ 4,555</u> |

(5) Depreciation and amortization

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Summary of depreciation expenses by function | | |
| Operating costs | \$ 38,942 | \$ 33,679 |
| Operating expenses | <u>29,104</u> | <u>25,764</u> |
| | <u>\$ 68,046</u> | <u>\$ 59,443</u> |
| Summary of amortization expenses by function | | |
| Operating costs | \$ 256 | \$ 220 |
| Operating expenses | <u>46,319</u> | <u>33,042</u> |
| | <u>\$ 46,575</u> | <u>\$ 33,262</u> |

(6) Employee benefit expenses

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Short-term employee benefits | \$425,227 | \$507,263 |
| Post-employment benefits (Note 22) | | |
| Defined contribution pension plan | 17,223 | 15,311 |
| Defined benefit plan | 1,676 | 1,619 |
| Share-based payment | | |
| Settlement of equity interests | <u>31,309</u> | <u>22,488</u> |
| Total employee benefit expenses | <u>\$475,435</u> | <u>\$546,681</u> |
| Summary by function | | |
| Operating costs | \$ 73,693 | \$ 76,180 |
| Operating expenses | <u>401,742</u> | <u>470,501</u> |
| | <u>\$475,435</u> | <u>\$546,681</u> |

(7) Remuneration for employees, directors and supervisors

The Company, as per the Articles of Incorporation, allocates 11%–13% of net income before tax before the remuneration to employees, directors, and supervisors is deducted for the year as remuneration to employees and no more than 3% as the remuneration to directors and supervisors, respectively. The 2022 and 2021 remuneration to employees and directors and supervisors resolved by the Board of Directors on February 24, 2023 and March 3, 2022, respectively, is as follows:

Estimate percentage

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Remuneration for employees | 12% | 12.8% |
| Remuneration for directors and supervisors | 3% | 3% |

Amount

| | <u>2022</u> | | <u>2021</u> | |
|--|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | <u>Cash</u> | <u>Stock</u> | <u>Cash</u> | <u>Stock</u> |
| Remuneration for employees | <u>\$ 27,732</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 125,235</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Remuneration for directors and supervisors | <u>\$ 6,933</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 29,352</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

If there is a change in the amount after the annual consolidated financial statements are approved and released, the change will be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and will be recorded an adjustment in the following year.

There is no difference between the amounts of remuneration paid out to employees and directors and supervisors for 2021 and 2020 and the amounts recognized in the 2021 and 2020 consolidated financial statements.

For information on 2022 and 2021 remuneration to employees and directors and supervisors resolved by the Board of Directors, please visit the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) of Taiwan Stock Exchange.

26. Income tax

(1) Income tax recognized in profit or loss

The major components of income tax expense are as follows.

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Income tax expenses in the current period | | |
| Incurred during this year | \$ 79,989 | \$ 74,256 |
| Surplus on undistributed earnings | 510 | 4,075 |
| Adjustment to the prior years | (<u>2,072</u>) | <u>3,060</u> |
| | 78,427 | 81,391 |
| Deferred tax | | |
| Incurred during this year | (<u>46,741</u>) | (<u>5,189</u>) |
| Income tax recognized in profit or loss | <u>\$ 31,686</u> | <u>\$ 76,202</u> |

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Net profit before taxation | <u>\$139,556</u> | <u>\$827,546</u> |
| Income tax expense for net income before tax calculated at the domestic income tax rates that apply to relevant countries | \$ 31,080 | \$172,380 |
| Non-deductible expenses for tax | 18,408 | - |
| Tax-free income | (23,378) | (60,004) |
| Basic tax difference payable | - | 10,371 |
| Unrecognized (recognized) deductible temporary differences | 31,632 | (53,680) |
| Unrecognized investment tax credit | (8,000) | - |
| Surplus on undistributed earnings | 510 | 4,075 |
| Acquired through business combination | (16,494) | - |
| This year's adjustments to income tax expenses from prior years | (<u>2,072</u>) | <u>3,060</u> |
| Income tax recognized in profit or loss | <u>\$ 31,686</u> | <u>\$ 76,202</u> |

(2) Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Deferred tax</u> | | |
| Incurred during this year | | |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plans | <u>\$ 172</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

(3) Current tax liabilities

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Current tax liabilities | | |
| Income tax payable | <u>\$ 58,513</u> | <u>\$ 73,230</u> |

(4) Current tax liabilities - deferred tax assets and liabilities

Movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

2022

| <u>Deferred tax assets</u> | <u>Opening balance</u> | <u>Acquired through business combination</u> | <u>Recognized in profit or loss</u> | <u>Ending balance</u> |
|----------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Temporary differences | | | | |
| Inventory valuation loss | \$ - | \$ 2,573 | \$ 4,382 | \$ 6,955 |
| Paid leave payable | - | <u>523</u> | <u>(29)</u> | <u>494</u> |
| | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 3,096</u> | <u>\$ 4,353</u> | <u>\$ 7,449</u> |

| <u>Deferred tax liabilities</u> | <u>Opening balance</u> | <u>Acquired through business combination</u> | <u>Recognized in profit or loss</u> | <u>Recognized in other comprehensive income</u> | <u>Ending balance</u> |
|---|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Temporary differences | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | \$ 24,363 | \$ - | (\$ 24,363) | \$ - | \$ - |
| Defined benefit pension plan | - | 186 | 10 | 172 | 368 |
| Unrealized exchange gain | - | 4,760 | (1,541) | - | 3,219 |
| Business combination | - | <u>156,259</u> | <u>(16,494)</u> | - | <u>139,765</u> |
| | <u>\$ 24,363</u> | <u>\$ 161,205</u> | <u>(\$ 42,388)</u> | <u>\$ 172</u> | <u>\$ 143,352</u> |

2021

| <u>Deferred tax liabilities</u> | <u>Opening balance</u> | <u>Recognized in profit or loss</u> | <u>Ending balance</u> |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Temporary differences | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | | |
| loss | <u>\$ 29,552</u> | <u>(\$ 5,189)</u> | <u>\$ 24,363</u> |

(5) Deductible temporary differences not recognized as deferred tax assets in the consolidated balance sheet

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Deductible temporary differences | <u>\$129,894</u> | <u>\$ 95,855</u> |

(6) The state of income tax assessment

The Company's profit-seeking enterprise income tax returns filed have been approved by the tax authority up to 2019.

Both Yingquan Investment Co., Ltd.'s and Sentelic Corporation's profit-seeking enterprise income tax returns filed have been approved by the tax authority up to 2020.

27. Earnings per shares

| | Unit: NTD per share | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Basic earnings per share | <u>\$ 0.83</u> | <u>\$ 4.25</u> |
| Diluted earnings per share | <u>\$ 0.83</u> | <u>\$ 4.21</u> |

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares used to calculate the earnings per share are as follows:

Net income for the year

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Net income attributable to owners of the Company | <u>\$146,771</u> | <u>\$750,940</u> |

Number of Shares

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Weighted average number of shares of common stock used to calculate basic earnings per share | 176,404 | 176,817 |
| Impact of potential common stock with dilutive effect: | | |
| Remuneration for employees | <u>905</u> | <u>1,511</u> |
| Weighted average common stock shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share | <u>177,309</u> | <u>178,328</u> |

If the Group may elect to pay employee remuneration in stock or cash, when diluted earnings per share are calculated, it is assumed that employee remuneration will be paid out in stock, and when the ordinary shares are potentially dilutive, they will be included in the weighted average number of outstanding shares to calculate diluted earnings per share. The dilution effect of these potential ordinary shares will also continue to be considered when the diluted earnings per share is calculated before the following year's shareholders' meeting resolves a decision on the number of shares distributed for employee remuneration.

28. Share-based payment

Restricted stock awards

The shareholders' meeting of Sentelic Corporation resolved, on May 24, 2019, to issue a total of 800 thousand shares of restricted stock awards in the amount of NT\$8,000 thousand free of charge and grant them to employees at Sentelic Corporation who have been employed on the day when the restricted stock awards are granted. The above resolution was filed to the FSC and enforced on October 4, 2019, and the restricted stock awards were issued with the approval of the board of directors on July 31, 2020. The record date for the capital increase through the restricted stock awards was August 10, 2020, and the fair value of the shares on the grant date was NT\$39.50 per share. After employees were granted the awards, they could vest 40% of them if they have worked for one full year from the grant date; if they have worked for two full years from the grant date, they could vest another 30% of them; if they have worked for three full years from the grant date, they could vest the remaining 30%. From the grant date to the reporting date, 63 thousand shares of the awards became invalid due to employees' resignation or failure to meet the vesting conditions during the vesting period. They were canceled after the resolution was adopted by the Board of Directors. The unvested awards as of December 31, 2022 totaled 217 thousand shares.

The movements in the accounts related to the above restricted stock awards are aggregated as follows:

| | Common stock | Capital surplus - restricted stock awards | Capital surplus - stock issuance premium | Other equity - Unearned employee compensation |
|---|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Restricted stock award grant date: July 31, 2020 | \$ 8,000 | \$ 18,188 | \$ - | (\$ 26,188) |
| Cost of share-based remuneration recognized | (130) | 130 | - | 6,728 |
| Adjustment for changes in turnover rate | <u>-</u> | <u>(2,477)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>2,477</u> |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | 7,870 | 15,841 | - | (16,983) |
| Cost of share-based remuneration recognized | (304) | 304 | - | 13,658 |
| Vested restricted stock awards | - | (8,956) | 8,956 | - |
| Adjustment for changes in turnover rate | <u>-</u> | <u>2,290</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(2,290)</u> |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 7,566 | 9,479 | 8,956 | (5,615) |
| Cost of share-based remuneration recognized | (198) | 198 | - | 6,382 |
| Vested restricted stock awards | - | (6,390) | 6,390 | - |
| Adjustment for changes in turnover rate | <u>-</u> | <u>2,268</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(2,268)</u> |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 7,368</u> | <u>\$ 5,555</u> | <u>\$ 15,346</u> | <u>(\$ 1,501)</u> |

The restricted rights of employees' unvested restricted stock awards are as follows:

- (1) Employees shall not sell, transfer, donate, pledge, dispose of the awards or in other means except for inheritance after being granted before vesting them.
- (2) The rights to attend, make proposals, speak, and vote at shareholders' meetings shall be handled in accordance with the trust custody agreements.
- (3) In addition to the provisions of the trust custody agreements in the preceding paragraph, the rights attached to the restricted stock awards granted to employees according to these rules are the same as ordinary shares issued by Sentelic Corporation except for the right to subscribe for new shares in cash capital increase and the right to receive stock or cash dividends before the vesting conditions are met.
- (4) After employees are granted restricted stock awards, they should deliver the awards to the trust immediately and shall not require the trustee to return said awards for any reason or in any method before meeting the vesting conditions.
- (5) From Sentelic Corporation's book closure date for stock dividends, book closure date for cash dividends, book closure date for cash capital increase and share subscription, book closure period for the shareholders' meeting stipulated in Article 165, paragraph 3 of the Company Act, or other legal book closure periods that occur as per facts through the record date of rights distribution, employees who meet the vesting conditions during this period still do not have the right to vote, subscribe for shares, receive stock or cash dividends with their vested awards.

29. Business combination

- (1) Acquisition of subsidiary

| | Principal business | Acquisition date | Ownership interests with voting rights / % acquired | Consideration for transfer |
|----------------------|--|------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Sentelic Corporation | Integrated circuit development and design, analog circuit design, digital signal processing, application software development, and import and export of electronic components. | August 24, 2022 | 51 | <u>\$ 1,117,120</u> |

The Group acquired Sentelic Corporation in August 2022 to continue to expand its business scale.

- (2) Consideration for transfer

| | |
|------|----------------------|
| | Sentelic Corporation |
| Cash | <u>\$ 1,117,120</u> |

Based on the expert opinion issued by an independent expert in July 2022, the Group purchased 15,324 thousand shares of Sentelic Corporation at a price of NT\$72.9 per share. The total purchase price was NT\$1,117,120 thousand as a consideration for the acquisition of Sentelic Corporation.

(3) Assets acquired and liabilities assumed on acquisition date

| | <u>Sentelic Corporation</u> |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Current assets | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 216,730 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 13,725 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 231,011 |
| Accounts receivable and other receivables | 132,248 |
| Inventory | 226,288 |
| Other current assets | 8,675 |
| Noncurrent assets | |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 15,298 |
| Property, plant, and equipment | 7,845 |
| Right-of-use assets | 11,166 |
| Other non-current assets | 14,978 |
| Identifiable intangible assets | 728,857 |
| Current liabilities | |
| Contract liabilities | (69) |
| Accounts payable and other payables | (95,549) |
| Lease liability | (4,232) |
| Other current liabilities | (24,559) |
| Noncurrent liabilities | |
| Lease liability | (6,933) |
| Deferred tax liabilities | (161,205) |
| Other non-current liabilities | (1,933) |
| | <u>\$ 1,312,341</u> |

For taxation purposes, the initial accounting treatment of the acquisition of Sentelic Corporation should be re-determined based on the market value of such assets on the balance sheet date. Before the release date of these consolidated financial statements, the market value and other calculations required for the issuance of a valuation report have been completed, so it is accounted for at fair value as the taxable value.

(4) Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interest in Sentelic Corporation (49% of ownership interest) is measured in proportion to its share of the identifiable net assets on the acquisition date. In addition, the restricted stock awards granted by Sentelic Corporation to its employees are the unearned remuneration of the unvested shares, so they are all recognized in non-controlling interests. Please refer to Note 28 Share-based payment for details.

(5) Goodwill arising from the acquisition

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| | Sentelic Corporation |
| | <hr/> |
| Consideration for transfer | \$ 1,117,120 |
| Add: Non-controlling interests (Sentelic Corporation's 49% ownership interests) | 642,824 |
| Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets acquired | (<u>1,312,341</u>) |
| Goodwill arising from the acquisition | <u>\$ 447,603</u> |

The goodwill arising from the acquisition of Sentelic Corporation mainly comes from the control premium. In addition, the consideration paid for the business combination includes the expected synergy of the combination, revenue growth, future market development, and values of Sentelic Corporation's employees. However, such benefits do not meet the criteria for being recognized in identifiable intangible assets, so they are not recognized separately.

Goodwill arising from the business combination is expected not to be tax deductible.

(6) Net cash outflow from the acquisition of the subsidiary

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| | Sentelic Corporation |
| | <hr/> |
| A consideration paid in cash | \$ 1,117,120 |
| Less: Balance of cash and cash equivalents received | (<u>216,730</u>) |
| | <u>\$ 900,390</u> |

30. Capital Risk Management

The Group engages in capital management to ensure that the Group's enterprises can maximize shareholder returns by optimizing debt and equity balances while continuing to operate. There has been no change in the Group's overall strategy.

The Group's capital structure consists of the Group's equity attributable to the owners of the Company (i.e. share capital, capital surplus, retained earnings, and other equity).

31. Financial instruments

(1) Fair value information – Financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

The Group's management believes that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities not at fair value approximate their fair values or their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

(2) Fair value information - financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

1. Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2022

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|---|-------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|
| <u>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</u> | | | | |
| Domestic listed stocks | \$ 569,131 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 569,131 |
| Fund beneficiary certificates | 12,485 | - | - | 12,485 |
| Privately offered funds | - | - | 71,098 | 71,098 |
| | <u>\$ 581,616</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 71,098</u> | <u>\$ 652,714</u> |
| <u>Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</u> | | | | |
| Equity investment | | | | |
| - Domestic listed stocks | \$ 442,809 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 442,809 |
| - Domestic non-listed stocks | - | - | 32,633 | 32,633 |
| - Foreign non-listed stocks | - | - | 29,895 | 29,895 |
| | <u>\$ 442,809</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 62,528</u> | <u>\$ 505,337</u> |

December 31, 2021

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|---|---------------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------|
| <u>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</u> | | | | |
| Domestic listed stocks | \$ 967,512 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 967,512 |
| Fund beneficiary certificates | 221,508 | - | - | 221,508 |
| | <u>\$ 1,189,020</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 1,189,020</u> |
| <u>Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</u> | | | | |
| Equity investment | | | | |
| - Domestic listed stocks | \$ 544,590 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 544,590 |
| - Domestic non-listed stocks | - | - | 43,037 | 43,037 |
| - Foreign non-listed stocks | - | - | 27,680 | 27,680 |
| | <u>\$ 544,590</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 70,717</u> | <u>\$ 615,307</u> |

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair values during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

2. Reconciliation of financial instruments measured at fair value in Level 3

2022

| Financial assets | Equity instruments | | Total |
|---|---|--|-------------------|
| | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | |
| Opening balance | \$ - | \$ 70,717 | \$ 70,717 |
| Purchase | 67,530 | - | 67,530 |
| Recognized in profit or loss (other gains and losses) | 3,568 | - | 3,568 |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income (unrealized valuation gains or losses on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income) | - | (3,754) | (3,754) |
| Disposal | - | (4,435) | (4,435) |
| Ending balance | <u>\$ 71,098</u> | <u>\$ 62,528</u> | <u>\$ 133,626</u> |

2021

| Financial assets | Equity instruments | | Total |
|---|---|--|------------------|
| | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | |
| Opening balance | \$ 659 | \$ 67,574 | \$ 68,233 |
| Recognized in profit or loss (other gains and losses) | (659) | - | (659) |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income (unrealized valuation gains or losses on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income) | - | 5,157 | 5,157 |
| Disposal | - | (2,014) | (2,014) |
| Ending balance | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 70,717</u> | <u>\$ 70,717</u> |

3. Valuation techniques and input values for Level 3 fair value measurement

The aggregate value of the individual assets and individual liabilities in the investments in domestic unlisted equity was evaluated in the asset method to reflect the overall value of an enterprise or business.

(3) Types of financial instruments

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Financial assets</u> | | |
| Measured at fair values through profit and/or loss | | |
| Mandatorily at fair value through profit | \$ 652,714 | \$ 1,189,020 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 1) | 1,699,215 | 2,339,406 |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - investments in equity instruments | 505,337 | 615,307 |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u> | | |
| Measured at amortize cost (Note 2) | 1,875,712 | 1,246,548 |

Note 1: The balance includes financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, and guarantee deposits paid.

Note 2: The balance includes financial liabilities at amortized cost, including short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, and other payables.

(4) Purpose and policy of financial risk management

The Group's main financial instruments include equity investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable, borrowings, and lease liabilities. The Group's financial management department provides services to each business unit, coordinates the operations of investments in the domestic and international financial markets, and supervises and manages the financial risks related to the Group's operations by analyzing the internal risk reports on the exposure as per the breadth and depth of risks. These risks include market risk (including exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The financial management department regularly reports to the Group's Board of Directors.

1. Market Risk

The main financial risks to the Group's operating activities are the risk of foreign exchange rate fluctuations (see (1) below) and the risk of changes in interest rates (see (2) below).

There have been no changes in the Group's exposure to financial instrument market risks and its method to managing and measuring such exposure.

(1) Exchange rate risk

Some of the Group's cash inflows and outflows are in foreign currencies with the effect of natural hedging; the Group's management of the exchange rate risk aims to hedge rather than making profits.

Refer to Note 34 for the carrying amounts of the Group's monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in non-functional currencies (including monetary items in non-functional currencies that have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements) on the balance sheet date.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly affected by the fluctuations in the exchange rates of USD.

The table below details the Group's sensitivity analysis when the NTD (functional currency) increases and decreases by 1% against each relevant foreign currency. In the sensitivity analysis, the outstanding monetary items in foreign currencies were taken into account, and the translation of such items at the end of the year was adjusted as per 1% change in exchange rates. The positive numbers in the following table represent the increase in net profits before tax if the New Taiwan dollar weakens by 1% against the respective currencies, and the negative numbers for the same amount represent the decrease in net profits before tax if the NT dollar strengthens by 1% against the respective currencies.

| | Impact of USD | |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Profit or loss | <u>\$ 9,020</u> | <u>\$ 9,489</u> |

The Group's sensitivity to the USD decreased in this year, mainly due to the decrease in its foreign currency assets.

The management believes that the sensitivity analysis cannot represent the inherent exchange rate risk as foreign currency exposures on the balance sheet date cannot reflect the interim exposures.

(2) Interest rate risk

Interest rate exposures arise as entities under the Group hold assets and liabilities at both fixed and floating rates.

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities of the Group under interest rate exposure on balance sheet date is as follows:

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| With fair value interest rate risk | | |
| – Financial assets | \$ 432,836 | \$ 83,823 |
| – Financial liabilities | 29,625 | 10,269 |
| With cash flow interest rate risk | | |
| – Financial assets | 457,209 | 993,879 |
| – Financial liabilities | 1,537,680 | 567,819 |

Sensitivity analysis

The following sensitivity analyses are based on the interest rate risk exposure of the non-derivative instruments on the balance sheet date. The analysis of assets at floating rates is based on the assumption that the amount of assets outstanding at the balance sheet date was outstanding throughout the reporting period.

If the annual rate of interest increased/decreased by 1%, with all other variables remaining unchanged, the Group's net income before tax for 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by NT\$10,805 thousand and NT\$4,261 thousand, respectively, mainly due to the Group's exposure to the risk of the net assets at floating interest rates.

The Group's sensitivity to interest rates decreased in this year, mainly due to the increase in the financial liabilities at floating interest rates.

(3) Other price risks

The Group is exposed to the equity price risk due to the listed equity securities held. The equity investments are not held for trading and are strategic investments. The Group is not actively trading these equity securities. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated in the equity instruments in the electronic industry traded in stock exchanges and over-the-counter markets in Taiwan.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was performed based on the equity price exposure on the balance sheet date.

If the securities price increased/decreased by 1%, the profit or loss before tax for 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by NT\$6,527 thousand and NT\$11,890 thousand respectively, mainly due to increase/decrease in the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

If the securities price increased/decreased by 1%, the other comprehensive income before tax for 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by NT\$5,053 thousand and NT\$6,153 thousand respectively, mainly due to increase/decrease in the Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group's sensitivity to price risk decreased in this period, mainly due to the decrease in the Group's investment in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

2. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty defaults on its contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Group. As of the balance sheet date, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk of financial loss due to non-performance by counter-parties is mainly from the carrying amount of financial assets recognized in consolidated balance sheets.

To mitigate credit risk, the Group has formulated credit and accounts receivable management measures to ensure that appropriate actions have been taken to recover overdue receivables. In addition, the Group will review the recoverable amount of receivables on each balance sheet date to ensure that appropriate impairment loss has been appropriated for the uncollectible receivables. Accordingly, the Group's management believes that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has a wide range of clients across different industries and geographic regions for accounts receivables. The Group continuously evaluates the financial position of clients with accounts receivable.

The Group does not have significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties with similar characteristics. When the transaction counterparties are affiliates, the Group defines them as transaction counterparties with similar characteristics.

3. Liquidity Risk

The Group manages and maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to support the Group's operations and mitigate the impact of cash flow fluctuations. The Group's management monitors the use of bank financing facilities and ensures compliance with the terms of the borrowing agreements.

Bank loans are a source of liquidity for the Group. Please refer to the description of (2) financing facilities below for the Group's bank financing facilities undrawn as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(1) Table of liquidity and interest rate risk of non-derivative financial liabilities

The analysis of the remaining contractual maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities has been prepared based on the undiscounted cash flows (including principal and estimated interest) of the financial liabilities based on the earliest possible date on which the Group can be required to make repayment. Therefore, bank borrowings that the Group may be required to repay immediately are shown in the

table below for the earliest period, without regard to the probability that the bank will enforce the right immediately; the maturity analysis of other non-derivative financial liabilities is prepared based on the contractual repayment dates.

December 31, 2022

| | Repayment on demand or less than 1 month | 1–3 months | 3 months to 1 year | Over 1 year | Total |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| <u>Non-derivative</u> | | | | | |
| <u>financial assets</u> | | | | | |
| No interest-bearing liabilities | \$ 193,474 | \$ 141,926 | \$ 2,628 | \$ 4 | \$ 338,032 |
| Floating rate instruments | 70,000 | 206,060 | 677,120 | - | 953,180 |
| Fixed rate instruments | 150,000 | 434,500 | - | - | 584,500 |
| Lease liability | 1,077 | 2,155 | 9,321 | 17,993 | 30,546 |
| | <u>\$ 414,551</u> | <u>\$ 784,641</u> | <u>\$ 689,069</u> | <u>\$ 17,997</u> | <u>\$ 1,906,258</u> |

Further information on maturity analysis of lease liabilities is as follows:

| | Less than 1 year | 1–2 years | 2–3 years | Over 3 years |
|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Lease liability | <u>\$ 12,553</u> | <u>\$ 9,243</u> | <u>\$ 4,398</u> | <u>\$ 4,352</u> |

December 31, 2021

| | Repayment on demand or less than 1 month | 1–3 months | 3 months to 1 year | Over 1 year | Total |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| <u>Non-derivative</u> | | | | | |
| <u>financial assets</u> | | | | | |
| No interest-bearing liabilities | \$ 434,109 | \$ 243,276 | \$ 226 | \$ 4 | \$ 677,615 |
| Floating rate instruments | 32,819 | 135,000 | 400,000 | - | 567,819 |
| Lease liability | 878 | 1,756 | 7,346 | 470 | 10,450 |
| | <u>\$ 467,806</u> | <u>\$ 380,032</u> | <u>\$ 407,572</u> | <u>\$ 474</u> | <u>\$ 1,255,884</u> |

Further information on maturity analysis of lease liabilities is as follows:

| | Less than 1 year | 1–2 years | 2–3 years | Over 3 years |
|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Lease liability | <u>\$ 9,980</u> | <u>\$ 29</u> | <u>\$ 29</u> | <u>\$ 412</u> |

(2) Financing facilities

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Unsecured bank overdraft facility | | |
| - Borrowing facilities used | \$ 1,120,560 | \$ 535,000 |
| - Borrowing facilities unused | <u>213,940</u> | <u>473,400</u> |
| | <u>\$ 1,334,500</u> | <u>\$ 1,008,400</u> |

(Continued on next page)

(Continued from previous page)

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Secured bank overdraft facility | | |
| - Borrowing facilities used | \$ 417,120 | \$ 32,819 |
| - Borrowing facilities unused | <u>1,554,180</u> | <u>947,581</u> |
| | <u>\$ 1,971,300</u> | <u>\$ 980,400</u> |

32. Related Party Transactions

Transactions, account balances, income and expenses between the Company and its subsidiaries (which are the Company's related parties) were all eliminated upon consolidation, so they are not disclosed in this note. Except for those disclosed in other notes, transactions between the Group and other related parties are as follows.

(1) Remuneration for key management

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Short-term employee benefits | \$ 39,147 | \$ 50,866 |
| Share-based payment | 12,392 | 8,365 |
| Post-employment benefits | <u>749</u> | <u>690</u> |
| | <u>\$ 52,288</u> | <u>\$ 59,921</u> |

The remuneration for directors and other key management is determined by the Board of Directors based on individual performance and market trends.

33. Pledged Assets

The assets below have been pledged as collateral for borrowings from banks and to customs:

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Certificates of deposit pledged (under financial assets at amortized cost - non-current) | \$ 15,397 | \$ 100 |
| Fund beneficiary certificates pledged (under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current) | - | 221,508 |
| Securities pledged (under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current) | 177,168 | - |
| Property, plant, and equipment | <u>143,503</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | <u>\$336,068</u> | <u>\$221,608</u> |

34. Information on foreign currency assets and liabilities with significant effect:

The information below is aggregated and presented in foreign currencies other than the functional currencies of the entities under the Group. The exchange rates disclosed refer to the rates at which these foreign currencies are converted to the functional currency. The information on foreign currency assets and liabilities with significant effect is as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | | | December 31, 2021 | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | Carrying amount | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | Carrying amount |
| <u>Financial assets</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 36,530 | 30.71 (USD: NTD) | <u>\$ 1,121,836</u> | \$ 52,116 | 27.68 (USD: NTD) | <u>\$ 1,442,571</u> |
| <u>Non-monetary items</u> | | | | | | |
| USD | 973 | 30.71 (USD: NTD) | <u>\$ 29,881</u> | 9,002 | 27.68 (USD: NTD) | <u>\$ 249,175</u> |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | | | |
| USD | 6,815 | 30.71 (USD: NTD) | \$ 209,289 | 17,225 | 27.68 (USD: NTD) | \$ 476,788 |
| USD | 342 | 6.97 (USD: CNY) | <u>10,503</u> | 611 | 6.38 (USD: CNY) | <u>16,912</u> |
| | | | <u>\$ 219,792</u> | | | <u>\$ 493,700</u> |

The Group is mainly exposed to the foreign currency exchange rate risk of USD and CNY. The following information is presented in aggregate for the functional currencies of the individual entity holding the foreign currencies, and the exchange rates disclosed are the rates at which those functional currencies are translated into the presenting currency. Foreign currency translation gains and losses (realized and unrealized) with significant effect are as follows:

| Functional currency | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|---------------------|--|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | Functional currency exchanged to presenting currency | Net exchange gain or loss | Functional currency exchanged to presenting currency | Net exchange gain or loss |
| NTD | 1 (NTD: NTD) | \$ 53,934 | 1 (NTD: NTD) | (\$ 17,153) |
| CNY | 4.43 (CNY: NTD) | (<u>2,396</u>) | 4.34 (CNY: NTD) | <u>396</u> |
| | | <u>\$ 51,538</u> | | (<u>\$ 16,757</u>) |

35. Additional Disclosures

(1) Information on Material Transactions and (2) Information on Investees:

1. The Loaning of Funds: None.
2. Endorsements and guarantees for others: None.
3. Securities Held at the End of the Period (Excluding Investment in Subsidiaries, Associates, and Joint Ventures): Table 1.
4. Marketable Securities Acquired or Sold at Costs or Prices at Least NT\$300 million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital: Table 2.
5. Acquisition of Individual Property at Costs of at Least NT\$300 million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital: None.
6. Disposal of Individual Property at Costs of at Least NT\$300 million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital: None.

7. Total Purchases from or Sales to Related Parties Amounting to at Least NT\$100 million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital: None.
 8. Receivables from Related Parties Amounting to at Least NT\$100 million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital: None.
 9. Trading in Derivative Instruments: None.
 10. Business Relations and Important Transactions between Parent Company and Subsidiaries and Among Subsidiaries and Amounts: Table 3.
 11. Information on Investees: Table 4.
- (3) Information on investment in Mainland China:
1. Information on investees in Mainland China, including the name, main business and products, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, percentage of ownership, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriation of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the Mainland China area: Table 5.
 2. The following significant transactions with investees in Mainland China, directly or indirectly through third regions, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: Table 6.
 - (1) The amount and percentage of purchases and the related ending balance and percentage of payables.
 - (2) The amount and percentage of sales and the related ending balance and percentage of receivables.
 - (3) The amount of property transactions and the amount of resulting gains or losses.
 - (4) The ending balance of endorsement guarantee of bills or the provision of collateral and its purpose.
 - (5) The maximum balance, ending balance, interest rate range and total current interest amount of financial accommodation
 - (6) Other transactions that have a significant effect on the current profit or loss or financial position, such as the provision or receipt of services.
 - (4) Information on Major Shareholders: The name of shareholders with a shareholding ratio of 5% or more, and the number and percentage of shares held: Table 7.

36. Segment Information

The Group's information reported to the chief operating decision-maker for resource allocation and segment performance assessment focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided. The financial reporting information is measured on the same basis as that for these consolidated financial statements. The Group's reportable segments are its self-owned product segment and product agency segment.

(1) Revenue and operating results of segments

| | Segment revenues | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| | 2022 | | 2021 | |
| | External revenue | Inter-segment revenues | External revenue | Inter-segment revenues |
| Self-owned product segment | \$ 1,808,947 | \$ - | \$ 2,352,906 | \$ - |
| Product agency segment | <u>1,079,206</u> | <u>81,830</u> | <u>1,249,077</u> | <u>78,321</u> |
| | <u>\$ 2,888,153</u> | <u>\$ 81,830</u> | <u>\$ 3,601,983</u> | <u>\$ 78,321</u> |

| | Segment profits or losses | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Self-owned product segment | \$184,277 | \$381,219 |
| Product agency segment | <u>59,178</u> | <u>78,749</u> |
| Total reportable segments' profit | 243,455 | 459,968 |
| Inter-segment profit eliminated | (<u>11</u>) | (<u>11</u>) |
| | 243,444 | 459,957 |
| Unallocated amount: | | |
| Non-operating income and expenses | (<u>103,888</u>) | <u>367,589</u> |
| Net profit before taxation | <u>\$139,556</u> | <u>\$827,546</u> |

Segments' profit refers to the profit earned by each segment, excluding non-operating income and expenses that should be allocated. This measure is provided to the chief operating decision maker to allocate resources to segments and to measure their performance.

(2) Segments' total assets

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Segments' assets | | |
| Self-owned product segment | \$ 5,570,437 | \$ 4,841,907 |
| Product agency segment | <u>421,178</u> | <u>417,605</u> |
| Total segment assets | 5,991,615 | 5,259,512 |
| Unallocated assets | - | - |
| Total consolidated assets | <u>\$ 5,991,615</u> | <u>\$ 5,259,512</u> |

All assets are allocated to reportable segments. Assets shared by reportable segments are allocated based on income earned by each reportable segment.

(3) Revenue from main products and services

The analysis of the revenue from the Group's main products and services is as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Sales income - integrated circuits | \$ 1,804,147 | \$ 2,343,584 |
| Trading of integrated circuits | 1,079,206 | 1,249,078 |
| Design and testing income | <u>4,800</u> | <u>9,321</u> |
| | <u>\$ 2,888,153</u> | <u>\$ 3,601,983</u> |

(4) Information by region

The Group mainly operates business in Taiwan and mainland China.

The Group's revenue from external clients classified by region where business is operated and the information on non-current assets classified by locations of the assets are stated below:

| | Revenue from external clients | | Noncurrent assets | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| Taiwan | \$ 880,294 | \$ 883,998 | \$ 1,499,775 | \$ 330,484 |
| Mainland China | 1,809,939 | 2,265,321 | 738 | 386 |
| Others | <u>197,920</u> | <u>452,664</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | <u>\$ 2,888,153</u> | <u>\$ 3,601,983</u> | <u>\$ 1,500,513</u> | <u>\$ 330,870</u> |

Non-current assets exclude financial instruments and deferred tax assets

(5) Information on main clients

During 2022 and 2021, there was no revenue from a single client accounting for 10% or more of the Group's total revenue.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries

Marketable securities held at the end of the period

December 31, 2022

Table 1

Unit: In thousand NTD and thousand shares, unless otherwise specified

| Companies held | Types and names of marketable securities | Relations with the securities issuer | Account in the book | Ending Balance | | | | Amount pledged (Note 1) |
|----------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | Number of shares/Unit | Carrying amount | Shareholdings ratio | Fair value | |
| The Company | <u>Stock</u> | | | | | | | |
| | Greatek Electronics Inc. | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 5,411 | \$ 259,728 | - | \$ 259,728 | \$ 177,168 |
| | Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 20 | 8,970 | - | 8,970 | - |
| | United Microelectronics Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 2,330 | 94,831 | - | 94,831 | - |
| | China Metal Products Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 3,108 | 89,200 | - | 89,200 | - |
| | E Ink Holdings Inc. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 200 | 32,200 | - | 32,200 | - |
| | AU Optronics Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 1,900 | 28,500 | - | 28,500 | - |
| | MediaTek Inc. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 30 | 18,750 | - | 18,750 | - |
| | Evergreen Marine Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 100 | 16,300 | - | 16,300 | - |
| | Delta Electronics, Inc. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 50 | 14,325 | - | 14,325 | - |
| | Shin Zu Shing Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 73 | 5,990 | - | 5,990 | - |
| | Altek Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 100 | 3,310 | - | 3,310 | - |
| | Ho Ta Industrial Mfg. Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 40 | 2,680 | - | 2,680 | - |
| | Yang Ming Marine Transport Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 11 | 721 | - | 721 | - |
| | Coremate Technical Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 161 | - | 2% | - | - |
| | WELTREND KOREA CO., LTD. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 10 | - | - | - | - |
| | Xinglongfa Electronics Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 10 | - | - | - | - |

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| Companies held | Types and names of marketable securities | Relations with the securities issuer | Account in the book | Ending Balance | | | | Amount pledged (Note 1) |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | Number of shares/Unit | Carrying amount | Shareholdings ratio | Fair value | |
| The Company | Silicongear Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 1 | \$ - | - | \$ - | \$ - |
| | AETAS TECHNOLOGY INC. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 36 | - | Preferred Series B | - | - |
| | AETAS TECHNOLOGY INC. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 7 | - | Preferred Series C | - | - |
| | AETAS TECHNOLOGY INC. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 3 | - | Preferred Series D | - | - |
| | <u>Privately offered funds</u> Zoyi Venture Capital Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – noncurrent | - | 71,098 | - | 71,098 | - |
| Weltrend International Co., (BVI) Ltd. | <u>Stock</u> Greatek Electronics Inc. | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 2,053 | 98,544 | - | 98,544 | - |
| | Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 240 | 107,640 | - | 107,640 | - |
| | United Microelectronics Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 300 | 12,210 | - | 12,210 | - |
| | China Metal Products Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 1,164 | 33,407 | - | 33,407 | - |
| | Kneron Holding Corporatin (Cayman) | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 201 | 29,895 | Preferred Series A | 29,895 | - |
| | IDIIL INTERNATIONAL, INC. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Yingquan Investment Co., Ltd. | <u>Stock</u> Acer Incorporated | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 991 | 23,338 | - | 23,338 | - |
| | Greatek Electronics Inc. | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 1,197 | 57,456 | - | 57,456 | - |
| | Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 30 | 13,455 | - | 13,455 | - |
| | Merry Electronics Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 348 | 27,735 | - | 27,735 | - |
| | Yamazaki Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 165 | 9,388 | - | 9,388 | - |
| | United Microelectronics Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 780 | 31,746 | - | 31,746 | - |
| | Evergreen Marine Corporation | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 132 | 21,516 | - | 21,516 | - |

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| Companies held | Types and names of marketable securities | Relations with the securities issuer | Account in the book | Ending Balance | | | | Amount pledged (Note 1) |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | Number of shares/Unit | Carrying amount | Shareholdings ratio | Fair value | |
| Yingquan Investment Co., Ltd. | U.S.A. GOTRUSTID Inc. Taiwan Branch | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – noncurrent | 500 | \$ - | 3% | \$ - | \$ - |
| | Anqing Innovation Investment Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 3,114 | 19,117 | 6% | 19,117 | - |
| | Chongyou Investment Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 655 | 9,180 | 9% | 9,180 | - |
| | Baycom Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. | — | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | 401 | 4,336 | 1% | 4,336 | - |
| Sentelic Corporation | <u>Stock</u> Lavod Corporation (Note 2) | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – noncurrent | 252 | - | 8.48% | - | - |
| | <u>Funds</u> Cathay Taiwan 5G Plus ETF | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 500 | 6,775 | - | 6,775 | - |
| | SinoPac Taiwan Electric Vehicle Supply Chain ETF | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 400 | 4,560 | - | 4,560 | - |
| | Fubon MSCI ACWI IMI Select Future Mobility Top 30 Capped ETF | — | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 100 | 1,150 | - | 1,150 | - |

Note 1: The securities listed are restricted for use as they are pledged for borrowings.

Note 2: Lavod Corporation's shares held have all been recognized in impairment.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Marketable Securities Acquired or Sold at Costs or Prices at Least NT\$300 million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 2Unit: In thousand NTD and thousand shares, unless otherwise specified

| Buyer/Seller | Types and names of marketable securities | Account in the book | Counterparty | Relations | Beginning Balance | | Acquistion | | Disposal | | | | Ending Balance | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------|--------|------------|--------------|----------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| | | | | | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | Shares | Selling price | Book cost | Gain or loss on disposal | Shares | Amount |
| Weltrend Semiconductor Incorporated | Sentelic Corporation | Investments using the equity method | — | — | - | \$ - | 15,324 | \$ 1,117,120 | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 15,324 | \$ 1,117,120 |

Note 1: The securities in this table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates, and securities derived from the above items.
Note 2: The Company acquired 51% of Sentelic Corporation’s shares in cash on August 24, 2022.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Business relationships, significant transactions and amounts between parent company and subsidiaries and among subsidiaries.
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 3

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| No. | Trader name | Counterparty | Relations with trader (Note 4) | Transactions | | | |
|-----|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------------|---|
| | | | | Account | Amount | Trading conditions | As a percentage of consolidated total revenue or total assets |
| 0 | The Company | Dongguan Prosil Electronics Co., Ltd. | 1 | Net operating income | \$ 81,830 | Note 1 | 3% |
| | | | | Accounts receivable | 10,511 | Note 2 | - |
| | | Yingquan Investment Co., Ltd. | 1 | Rental incomes | 11 | Note 1 | - |
| | | Sentelic Corporation | 1 | Other income | 640 | Note 1 | - |
| | | | | Accounts receivable | 3 | Note 3 | - |
| | | | | Other receivables | 1,226 | Note 3 | - |
| | | | | | | | |

Note 1: It is based on the terms negotiated by both parties without other suitable transaction counterparties for comparison.

Note 2: It is mainly net 90 days at the end of each month for collection (payment).

Note 3: It is mainly net 30 days at the end of each month for collection (payment).

Note 4: 1 represents a transaction between the parent company and a subsidiary.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Information on the investee, location, etc. (excluding investees in China)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 4

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Investor name | Investee | Location | Principal business | Original investment amount | | Holding, end of period | | | Profits (losses) of the investee for the period | Investment incomes (losses) recognized in the period | Remarks |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|---|--------------|
| | | | | End of the period | End of last year | Shares (in thousands) | Percentage (%) | Carrying amount | | | |
| The Company | Weltrend International Co., (BVI) Ltd. | British Virgin Islands | Investment | \$ 265,000 | \$ 265,000 | 8,164 | 100 | \$ 483,269 | (\$ 41,041) | (\$ 41,041) | Note 1 |
| | Yingquan Investment Co., Ltd. | Taiwan | Investment | 241,486 | 241,486 | 32,416 | 98 | 265,530 | (32,481) | (31,923) | Note 1 |
| | Sentelic Corporation | Taiwan | Integrated circuit development and design, analog circuit design, digital signal processing, application software development, and import and export of electronic components. | 1,117,120 | - | 15,324 | 51 | 1,077,536 | (12,299) | (39,935) | Note 1 and 3 |
| Sentelic Corporation | Sentelic Holding Co., Ltd. | Republic of Mauritius. | Investment | 18,782 | 18,782 | 625 | 100 | 22 | (1) | (1) | Note 1 |

Note 1: It was calculated based on the financial reports for the same periods audited by CPAs.

Note 2: Please refer to Table 5 for the relevant information on the investees in Mainland China.

Note 3: The Company acquired 51% of Sentelic Corporation's shares in cash on August 24, 2022.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Information on investment in Mainland China
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 5

Unit: In thousand NTD, unless otherwise specified

| Names of investees in Mainland China | Principal business | Paid-in capital | Type of investment method | Accumulated investment amount remitted from Taiwan at the beginning of the period | Amount of investment remitted or recovered during the period | | Accumulated investment amount remitted from Taiwan at the end of the period | Profit or loss of the investee for the period (Note 2) | Shareholding in direct or indirect investment | Investment income (loss) recognized in this period (Note 2) | Book value of investments at the end of the period | Investment income remitted back as of the end of the period |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|---|--|---------|---|--|---|---|--|---|
| | | | | | Outward remittance | Recover | | | | | | |
| Dongguan Prosil Electronics Co., Ltd. | Import and export of electronic components and general import and export | RMB 8,048 thousand (USD 1,200 thousand) | Note 1 | USD 1,200 thousand (\$ 36,852) | \$ - | \$ - | USD 1,200 thousand (\$ 36,852) | \$ 2,257 | 100% | \$ 2,257 | \$ 29,268 | \$ - |

| Accumulated amount of investment from Taiwan to Mainland China at the end of the period | Amount of investment approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA | Investment quota for Mainland China as stipulated by the Investment Commission, MOEA |
|---|--|--|
| US\$1,200 thousand (\$36,852) | US\$1,200 thousand (\$36,852) | \$1,892,018 |

Note 1: The Company invests in Weltrend International Co., (BVI) Ltd. and then invests in companies through Mainland China through said company. The investments have been approved by the Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs. The investment amount approved is US\$1,200 thousand.

Note 2: It was calculated based on the financial report for the same period audited by a CPA.

Note 3: The amounts were converted at an exchange rate of USD to NTD on December 31, 2022.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries

Major Transactions with Investees in Mainland China Through Direct or Indirect Investment Through a Third Region, and the Prices, Payment Terms, Unrealized Gains or Losses, and Other Relevant Information
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 6

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Names of investees in Mainland China | Type of transaction | Purchase or sale | | Transaction conditions (Note) | Notes and accounts receivable (payable) | | Unrealized gain or loss | Remarks |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---|------------|-------------------------|---------|
| | | Amount | Percentage | | Amount | Percentage | | |
| Dongguan Prosil Electronics Co., Ltd. | Operating revenues | \$ 81,830 | 3% | — | \$ 10,511 | 2% | \$ - | — |

Note: Sales with related parties are determined based on the terms negotiated by both parties without other suitable transaction counterparties for comparison.

Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. and Its Subsidiaries
Information on major shareholders
December 31, 2022

Table 7

| Information on major shareholders | Shares | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Number of shares held (shares) | Shareholding percentage |
| The Group has no shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares individually. | - | - |

Note: The information on major shareholders in this Exhibit is compiled by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the last business day of the quarter in which the shareholders held 5% or more of the Company's common shares and preferred shares whose registration and delivery have been completed in non-physical form (including treasury shares). The number of shares recorded in the Company's consolidated financial statements and the actual number of shares registered and delivered in non-physical form may differ depending on the basis of preparation of the calculations.